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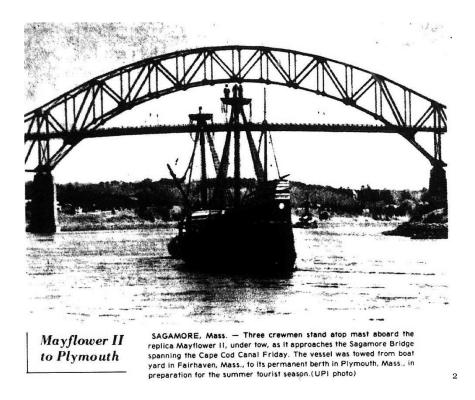
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#### Warren

Compiled¹ by Mrs. Raymond Paulus Margaret Babcock Paulus 500 North College Avenue Rensselaer, Indiana 47978

(Page 2 – photocopy of newspaper clipping from Rensselaer Republican, March 14, 1981)



[March 14, 1981, Rensselaer Republican "Mayflower II to Plymouth" SAGAMORE, Mass. - Three crewmen stand atop mast aboard the replica Mayflower II, under tow, as it approaches the Sagamore Bridge spanning the Cape Cod Canal Friday. The vessel was towed from boat yard in Fairhaven, Mass. to its permanent berth in Plymouth, Mass., in preparation for the summer tourist season. (UPI photo)]

(Page 3 - copy of previous page)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Original typed word blacked out and "compiled" handwritten above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From Rensselaer Republican, 14 March 1981, accessed 26 September 2020.

#### (Page 4 - handwritten)

Families of the Pilgrims

Richard Warren compiled by Hubert Kinney Shaw Published by Mass. Society of Mayflower Descendants

Charles Edward Banks in "Ancestry and Holmes [sic] of the Pilgrim Fathers" (Grafton Press, N.Y. 1929, pp 92-3) writes: "Richard Warren came from London and was called a merchant of that city (by Mourt.). Extensive research in every available source of information—registers; chancery, and probate, in the London courts, proved fruitless in an attempt to identify him. As he died in 1628, it is probable that he was considerably past middle life at the date of emigration.

Richard Warren was not of the Leyden Company, but joined the Pilgrims from London. He came alone on the Mayflower and was one of the nineteen signers of the Compact who survived the first winter. Under the land division of 1623, his apportionment, as one of the Mayflower passengers, fell in the north side of the town, and under those who came in the "Ann," his wife and daughters having come on that ship, his lands were "on the other side of the towne [*sic*] toward Eele [*sic*] River," where he made his home in the section later known as Wellingsley or Hobshale, and where he died in 1628. He also owned land along the shore of the present Warren's Cove.

The date and place of his birth is unknown. He died in Plymouth in 1628. He married in Englandbefore [*sic*] 1610, Elizabeth \_\_\_\_\_\_ b abt 1583; d. 22 Oct. 1673 at Plymouth "aged above 90 yrs." In the early Plymouth Colony records she was usually spoken of as "Mistress" Elizabeth Warren, an uncommon designation, and she was one of the few widows of the Colony who did not remarry.

```
(Page 5 – handwritten)
   I Richard Warren-
      B <del>15 [---]</del> March-incorrect<sup>3</sup>
      12th signer of Mayflower Compact
      D
             1628 Plymouth, Mass
      M before 1610 England
         Elizabeth (Jovatt) Marsh, widow (not proved)
             B circa 1583 England
             D Oct. 22, 1673 Plymouth, Mass
                "aged above 90 yrs"
      Children
          ★2-1 Mary Warren
             B circa 1610 England
             D Mar 27, 1683 Plymouth, Mass
             1. M after May 22, 1627
                Robert Bartlett
                          1603 England
                    came over on same ship Anne as Elizabeth Warren & 5 daughters
                    D Sept. 19-Oct. 27, 16[7]6 Plymouth, Mass
                       will proved 10-29-16[7]6
             Oct 24, 1679 2. M Thomas Delano
          2-2 Anna Warren
             B circa 1612 England
             D after Feb 19, 1675/6
             M April 19, 1633 Plymouth, Mass
                Thomas Little
                    В
                    D March 1671/2 Marshfield
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Original text written as notes between two lines. Some text illegible here.

```
2-3 Sarah Warren
                   England
            В
            D after July 15, 1696
            M Mar 28, 1634 Plymouth, Mass.
                John Cooke
                   son of Francis Cook
                   В
                   D Nov 23, 1695 Dartmouth
         2-4 Elizabeth Warren
            В
                   England
            D Mar 9, 1669/[7]0 Hingham
            M Before Mar 14, 1635
                Richard Church
                   B circa 1608
                   D Dec 27, 1668 Dedham
(Page 6 - handwritten)
         2-5 Abigail Warren
                   England
            В
            D after Jan 3, 1692/3
            M before Jan 9, 1639 Plymouth, Mass
               Anthony Snow
                   В
                   D August 1692 Marshfield
         2-6 Nathaniel Warren
            B 1624 or 1625 Plymouth, Mass
            D Between July 16 & Oct 21, 1667 Plymouth, Mass
            M Nov 19, 1645 Plymouth, Mass
                Sarah Walker
                В
               D Nov 24, 1700 Plymouth, Mass
```

2-7 Joseph Warren

B 1626 or 1627 Plymouth, Mass
D May 4, 1689 Plymouth, Mass
M circa 1652 Plymouth, Mass
Priscilla Faunce
B circa 1633 Plymouth, Mass
D May 15, 1707 Plymouth, Mass

(*page 7* **–** *typed*)

#### Richard Warren

Richard Warren was the first of that name in America. He was of Greenwich, County Kent of England. Not much is known of his ancestry. 'Richard Warren's parents are not known. All that is known is that he came from London and was called a merchant' of that city

(Mors). Registers, Chancery, and Probate in London Courts prove fruitless in an attempt to identify him. As he died by 1628, Plymouth, Mass., it is probable he was considerable past middle life at the date of his emigration to America. The date and place of his birth is unknown. He came alone on the Mayflower. His family followed on The [sic] 'Ann' in 1623. He was married in England before 1610 to Elizabeth \_\_\_\_\_\_. Some authorities give her maiden name as unknown; others as March being a widow, her maiden name being Juat or Pratt. She was born abo t [sic] 1583; died in Plymouth, the 22nd of Oct., 1673, aged 90 years. Believed that Elizabeth Warren was his 2nd wife. It is thought the daughters were by his first wife. (5) Two sons were born in New England. -7 children. He received land grants.

#### References

FAMOUS FAMILIES OF MASS., Mary Caroline Crawford, Little Brown & Co., Boston, 1930, 2 Vols., Vol. 2, pp. 52-71.

HISTORY OF THE WARREN FAMILY by Rev. Thos. Warren.

FAIRCHILD & PARK FAMILIES OF MASS., CONN., & R. I., With Facts concerning Richard Warren, Mayflower Passenter [*sic*], & His Family Connections with Thomas Little, 1919, 151 pp.

WARREN, LITTLE, LOTHROP, PARK, DIX, WHITMAN, FAIRCHILD, PLATT, WHEELER, LANE & AVERY PEDIGREES of Samuel Putnam Avery, 1925, 273 pp.

ANCESTRAL LINES OF RICHARD WARREN, prepa ed [sic] by Howard E. James (SAR)

COLONIAL FAMILIES OF AMERICA, edited by Nelson Osgood Rhoades, Vol. VII, Seaforth Press, Baltimore, pp. 319-20.

GENEALOGY OF THE WARREN FAMILY FROM RICHARD WHO CAME IN THE MAYFLOWER IN 1620 TO 1872, J. Munsell, Albany, N.Y., 1874.

THE ENGLISH ANCESTRY AND HOMES OF THE PILGRIM FATHERS, by Charles Edward Banks, The Grafton Press, Publrs., N.Y.,1929, pp. 92-3.

OF PLYMOUTH PLANTATION – 1620-1647, by William Bradford, edited by S. R. Morison from Bradford's Account of MOURT'S RELATION WRITTEN WITH EDWARD WINSLOW.

FAMILIES OF THE PILGRIMS, compiled by Hubert Kinney Shaw, pub. by Mass. Soc. of Mayflower Descendants, Boston, 1955.

#### SECOND GENERATION OF THE WARREN FAMILY IN AMERICA

Mary Warren, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth Warren, married Robert Ba tlett [*sic*], a Pilgrim to the Plymouth Colony, Mass. in 1623 – accompanied him on The [*sic*] 'Ann'. He was one of the first purchasers of Dartmouth and died in 1676, age 73. His wifow [*sic*] survived him by a few years. They were the parents of 8 children, 2 sons and 6 daus. After Robert's death, Mary married Thos. Delano. Robert Bartlett's descendants are in Freetown to this day.

It is generally conceded that the Bartletts coming to this country previous to 1700, are members of the Bartlett Family of Stopham, Sussex County, England or its branches. The eldest linve [*sic*] have lived ther [*sic*] since the Norman Conquest.

Robert Bartlett was a cooper by occupation.; served as a member of the Grand Jury; also on Trial Juries; several times as surveyor of highways. Was a 'freeman'. Burial place not recorded but believed by son Joseph's side on Burial Hill.

#### **References**

GENEALOGICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF THE BARTLETT FAMILY OF ENGLAND AND AMERICA, Levi Bartlett, 1875, Geo. S. Merrill and Crocker, Prntrs., pp. 73-4.

ROBERT LAWRENCE AND ROBERT BARTLETT MEMORIALS AND THEIR DESCENDANTS, Hiram Bartlett Lawrence, 1888.

MAYFLOWER DESCENDANTS, Vol. 14, pp. 15 & 16 – "Pertains to Robert Bartlett and Mary Ffoster[*sic*]. (Plymouth Colony Deeds)

Vol. 17, p. 182 -Plymouth Colony Vital Records.

HISTORY OF SOCIET [sic] OF DESCENDANTS OF ROBERT BARTLETT OF PLYMOUTH, MASSACHUSETTS, compiled by Marian Longfellow, Historian of the Society, Loring-Atell Co., Press, Springfield, Mass.

#### THIRD GENERATION

Mary Bartlett, dau. of Robt. and Mary (Warren) Bartlett, died 9-26-1692; married twice: (1) Richard Foster; (2) 7-8-1659 Jonathan Morey (our direct ancestor) who died 5-19-1709, Plymouth, Mass.

Jonathan Morey was son oo [sic] Roger (1601) and Mary (Johnson) Morwy [sic] who was our first ancestor of the Morey Family to America. Roger Morey seems to have been a close follower of Roger Williams. Possible that he set sail from England in the same ship, The [sic] 'Lion' which left Bristol Dec. 1, 1630. He took the freeman's Oath on May 8, 1631. Roger's wife was Mary, dau. of John and Margery Johnson. John Johnson was late of Roxbury, in Suffolk in the Mass. Colony. Roger Morey went to Salem, Mass. Accumulated land which he sold in 1643 and moved to Providence, R. I. 1655, he was appointed by to keep a house of entertainment. Was a commissi oner [sic] and a juryman.

(*page 9 – typed*)

"May 6, 1669, Roger's widow Mary applied for administration of his estate, he having made a will and left her executrix."

#### References

GENEALOGICAL DICTIONARY OF FIRST SETTLERS OF NEW ENGLAND, James Savage, Boston, Little Brown 1861, Vol. III, page 262: Names some ch. and birthdates; his death date and names wife and her father's name.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX OF BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, & DEATHS, recorded in Providence from 1636 to 1850 Inclusive by Edwin M. Snow, M.D., City Registrar, 1879: Vol. I:

THE EARLY RECORDS OF THE TOWN OF PROVIDENCE, Horatio Rogers, Providence, 1894

ol. [sic] I: pp. 14-16, p. 42, p. 57, pp. 58-9, pp. 62-3, pp. 71-2, pp. 73-4 Land Records

Vol. II; p. 16, p. 18, p. 22, p. 23, p. 24, p. 81, p. 84, p. 92, p. 97; p. 107; p. 108; p. 109 p.

110; p. 122; p. 126; p. 144-Land records

Vol. I[II]-Town Resolutions

Vol. IV: pp. 67; pp. 108-9; p. 137; pp. 21-2-Land records

Vol. V: p. 1:-Land record. All pertaining to Roger Morey.

GENEALOGICAL DICTIONARY OF FIRST SETTLERS OF NEW ENGLAND, James Savage, Vol. II, Boston, Little Brown, 1861, p. 282: Jonathan Morey marriage Rec.

PROVIDENCE, R. I. RECORDS – Births: p. 234: Jonathan Morey June 1, 1708.

A REPORT OF THE RECORD COMMISSIONERS, CONTAINING ROXBURY (MASS.) LAND & CHURCH RECORDS, Boston, 1881, Rockwell & Churchill, City printers. p. 5: Land Records: "John Johnson....." p. 44: "JohnJohnson [sic]": p. 101 -1693, John Johnson: p. 176: "Margery Johnson, wife of John Johnson......

#### THE JOHNSON FAMILY

John Johnson, father of Mary Morey, was one of the earliest settlers of Roxbury, Mass. by 1630......John Johnson and his wife, Margery became members of the Church of Christ. John Johnson died in Roxbury, July 30, 1659.

#### References

MASS. VITAL RECORDS, p. 563-Deaths: "John, the elder, Sept. 29, 1659"

#### FOURTH GENERATION

HANNAH MOREY, daughter of Jonathan & Mary (Bartlett) Morey died bet. 1720 & 1729; m. bef. 1695 91st ch. b. 1695). John Bumpas, son of John & Sarah (Hunter) Bumpas, born 1673 (Bap. Sept. 20, 1673). Parents of 6 ch.: . . . . . . . Sarah, b. 1701 (direct ancestor) b. 1704.

#### Reference

ROCHESTER, MASS. VITAL RECORDS: BIRTHS: Sarah ch John Jr. & Hanah May 12, 1701.

#### THE BUMPAS FAMILY

John Bumpas, the ancestor who married Hannah Morey was a direct descendant of Edward Bumpas, the Pilgrim, first of the name in America. A compiler of the fam., Rev. Robah T. Bumpas, D.D. traced the Bumpas name to its origin in So. France. . . . . . . . . . . . Edourd Bompasse, Pilgrim, a French Huguenot left France for England from whence he came to America. Another account menti ns [*sic*] that he was born in England about 1605; d. Marshfield, Mass. Feb. 3, 1693. In Hist. of Duxbury, Winsor records Edward Bumpas one of 27 heads of families who arrived in Plymouth on Good Ship Fortune, Nov. 10, 1621. . . . . . . Sold land in Plymouth and moved to Duxbury. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Married about that time Hannah (Poss. was the dau. of Anthony Annable. Hannah d. Feb. 12, 1693. -9 ch. John m. Sarah Hunter.

John Bumpas, son of Edward & Hannah Bumpas, b. 1636, Mass.; d. 1716; m. Sarah Hunter; 8 ch. -John b. 1673

#### References

GENEALOGICAL DICTIONARY OF FIRST SETTLERS OF NEW ENGLAND, James Savage, Boston, Little Brown, 1861: Vol. I, p. 297 -names places of res. and ch. & birth dates & death dates.

A GENEALOGY OF THREE BRANCHES OF THE BUMPAS FAMILY by William Moses Jones, Houston, Tex., 1962, Monument Pub. Co., Austin, Tex., pp. 29, 36. P. 29: chart showing ch., grnd. ch. with vital records

FAMILIES OF THE PILGRIMS, compiled by Mass. Soc. of Mayflower Descendants, by Hubert Kinney Shaw, Boston, 1956, pp. 84-86

# Fifth Generation THE WHITE FAMILY

Todate [*sic*], it is not definitely proved who were the parents of our George White, Sr. of Conn. who m. Sarah Bumpas. –b. abt. 1700; d. Feb. 20, 1788. Sharon Conn.; m. Oct. 17, 1727 or '28, Rochester, Plymouth Co., Mass to Sarah Bumpas b. May 12, 1701. Ch. bap. rec. rec.

### **References**

VITAL RECORDS OF ROCHESTER, MASS. TO THE YEAR 1850, Vol. I-Rochester births, p. 64. – Vol. II: Marriages & Deaths, Boston, Mass., 1914, pp. 63, 317.

HISTORY OF SHARON, CONN., by Sedgewick, p. 160. SHARON, CONN. PROBATE BOOK, p. 75 (Will Book-1788) names ch. & grnd. ch.

### Sixth Generation GEORGE WHITE, JR

George White, Jr., b. Oct. 9, 1737, Rochester, Plymouth Co., Mass.; d. 1804, Otsego Co.,
N.Y.; abt. 1758 (1st ch. b. 1759), prob. in Amenia, Dutchess Co., N.Y. m. Patience
() who was bap. June 19, 1763; d. bef. 1788; 9 ch., one Nathaniel.

(page 11 – typed)

#### <u>References</u>

THE NEW YORK GENEALOGICAL & BIOGRAPHICAL RECORD, pub. by Soc. of N.Y., 1904, Vol. 35 -Amenia, N.Y. Church Records contributed by Rev. Melatiah E. Dwight - Register of Baptisms: pp. 110, 111, 203, 204, 205, 282, 283.

BURYING GROUNDS OF SHARON, CONN., Amenia & N.E., N.Y. by Lawrence Van Alstyne, Walsh, Griffin & Hoysradt, Prntrs., Amenia, N.Y., 1903.

HISTORICAL REGISTER OF OFFICERS OF THE CONTINENTAL ARMY 1775-83, revised edition by Francis B. Heitman, Rare Book Shop Pub. Co., Inc., Washington D.C., 1914, p. 586.

NEW YORK IN THE REVOLUTION AS COLONY AND STATE, James A. Roberts, Comptroller in 1897, Albany, N.Y., Weeds-Parsons Prntg. Co., 1897, p. 13; also 2nd ed., Albany, N.Y., Press of Brandon Prntg. Co., 1898, p. 29.

JOURNAL OF THE CAMPAIGN OF NEW YORK, 1776-77, by Benjamin Trumball, printed in Conn., Historical Soc. Collections, Vol. VII, 1899.

1790 CENSUS OF NEW YORK, page 60 -Columbia Co., Kinderhook Twn:

ABSTRACTS OF WILLS OF OTSEGO COUNTY, NEW YORK FROM 1794-1817, Vol. I (copied from Original Records at Surrogate's Office, Cooperstown, N.Y. by Gertrude A. Barber, 1941 (p. 327 of original Rec.), p. 8 -names wife and ch. -Executors son George of Worcester & Silas Crippen.

### Seventh Generation NATHANIEL WHITE

#### references

1790 CENSUS OF NEW YORK; p. 23: Albany Co., Coxsackie Twn.

ROSTER OF SOLDIERS AND PATRIOTS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION BURIED IN INDIANA, Edited by Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, Brookville, In., Pub. By Ind. DAR, 1938, p. 380, Tippecanoe County

NEW YORK IN THE REVOLUTION AS COLONY AND STATE, by James A. Roberts, Comptroller, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Albany, N.Y., Press of Brandon Prntg. Co., 1898 page 92.

Copy of Pension and Service Record of Nathaniel White, File #W-2299, secured from General Services Administration, National Archives and Records Service, Washington, D.C.

Snapshots of marker to Memorial of Nathaniel White, Greenbush Cemetery, Lafayette, Indiana.

Inventory<sup>4</sup>

ESTATE SETTLEMENT -Clerk's Office, Tippecanoe Co., Ind.-F. Box, #34, (Filed in Attic of courthouse.

Land Deeds recorded in Tippecanoe Co., Lafayette, Ind. Recorder's Off. Book H, p. 221; Book I, p. 262; Book I, p. 259.

Copy of Calligraphy recording birthdates of Nathaniel and Hannah White an [sic] their 10 children - by William Murray, Cherry Valley, 25th May, 1803.

(page 12 – typed)

# Eighth Generation GEORGE CLINTON WHITE

George Clinton White, son of Nathaniel and Hannah (Finch) White, b. Feb. 2, 1804, Otsego County (Cherry Valley), N.Y.; d. Jan. 2, 1890, Towanda Twp., McLean Co., Ill.; bur. Smith's Grove Cem.; m. Jan. 18, 1827, Clark Co., Ohio Julia Ann Noel b. June 8, 1806, Ross Co., Ohio; 13 ch. Mary born in Ohio, others in Indiana. Mar. 24, 1868, he m. (2) Mrs. Nancy Erwin who preceded him in death. He lived with various children -1880 with son, Geo. W.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Word "Inventory" was typed and added above "SETTLEMENT –Clerk's"; believed to mean "Estate Settlement Inventory."

#### References for Proof

Land Deeds: Tippecanoe Co., Lafayette, Ind. Recorder's Off.: Book M, p. 621; Index Bk. 38, p. 92 or 93 (?).

McLean Co., Ill. -Bloomington: Bk. 64, p. 595 (1867) Bk. 69, p. 589 (1867)

ILLINOIS CENSUS OF 1880 -McLean Co., Towanda -Roll 37 on microfilm page 1: Fam. Of George W. White Geo. C. White aged 76 yrs. born N.Y.

#### **County Histories:**

Merriman, HISTORY OF MCLEAN COUNTY, published by Wm. LeBaron, Jr. and Co., Dearborn St., Chicago, 1879: pp. 994-95: Biog. Sketch of George W. White & George C. White

Page 1027: Biography of A.H. Conger and George C. White

HISTORICAL ENCYCLOPEDIA OF ILLINOIS, edited by Newton Bateman & Paul Selby, Illustrated, Munsell Pub. Co., Chicago, 1908, 2 vols., Vol. II: Pages 978-9: Biog. of Aaron Harvey Conger

Pages 1342-43: Biog. of John M. White and George C. White

PORTRAIT AND BIOGRAPHICAL ALBUM OF MCLEAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS, pub. By Chapman Bros., Chicago, 1887: Page 956: Biog. Of George W. White and George C. White.

CEMETERY RECORDS -McLean County, Illinois, compiled by DAR, Genealogical Records, 1938-39, Vol. I. -Smith Grove Cemetery - Rec. Bk. 1938-39, Vol. I, pp. 139-151

Snapshot taken of marble monument (2nd on grave purchased by descendants) on grave. A tablet on monument paced by Letiticia [sic] Green Stevenson Chap. DAR showing he was real son of a Am. Rev. soldier.

Marriage Record -Record Bk. E, p. 438 of 2nd marriage to Mrs. Nancy Erwin.

No will or estate settlement in McLean County courthouse on file.

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# The Pilgrim Story compiled and written by William Franklin Atwood

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The summer of 1623 two vessels arrived, Anne and Little James. They brought about a hundred additional members to the Plymouth Colony, some being the wives and children of those already there. The Anne the larger vessel, having been chartered by the Astrenlures returned on September 20th, laden with clapboards and beaver.

Passengers on Ship Anne arriving summer of 1623

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**Robert Bartlett** 

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Elizabeth Warren

Mary Warren

Ann Warren

Sarah Warren

Elizabeth Warren Jr

Abigail Warren

#### note

Elizabeth Warren, wife of Richard Warren, and their five daughters followed Richard Warren to Plymouth Colony in 1623

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(page 14 – handwritten)
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#### Children of Mary Warren and Robert Bartlett

```
2-1 Mary Warren
   B circa 1610 England
   D Mar. 27, 1683 Plymouth, Mass
   1M after May 22, 1627
      Robert Bartlett
          B between 1603-16[0-?] England
          D 1676 Plymouth, Mass
          will proved 10-29-1676
   children
      3-1 Benjamin Bartlett
                 Plymouth, Mass
          D Between Aug. 21 & 28, 1691 Duxbury
          1. M (1638)
             Susanna Jenney
                 В
                 D Before April 4, 1654
          2. M after April 4, 1654
      Sarah Brewster (Love<sup>2</sup> William<sup>1</sup>)<sup>5</sup>
                 В
                 D Before Jan 21, 1678/9
          3. M Cecilia _____
      В
      D
   3-2 Rebecca Bartlett
          B Before Dec 1634
          D after June 2, 1657 & Before July 15, 1658
          M Dec 20, 1649 Plymouth, Mass
      William Harlow
                 B circa 1624
                 D Aug. 25, 1691 Plymouth, Mass
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Not sure what the superscript numbers by "Love William" mean. Not explained.

```
(page 15 – handwritten)
   ★3-3 Mary Bartlett
         В
                Plymouth, Mass
         D Sept 26, 1692 Plymouth, Mass
         1. M Sept 10, 1651 Plymouth, Mass
             Richard Foster
                В
                          Left one son<sup>6</sup>
                D Between 1655 & 1659
          2. M July 8, 1659 Plymouth, Mass
             Jonathan Morey
                B circa 1633
                D May 19, 1708 Plymouth, Mass
   3-4 Sarah Bartlett
         В
         D Before 1680
         M Dec 23, 1656 Plymouth, Mass
      Samuel Rider
                B circa 1630
                D July 18, 1715 Plymouth, Mass
                   He married 2nd 1680 Lydia Tilden
   3-5 Joseph Bartlett
         B circa 1639,
         D Feb 18, 1711 Plymouth, Mass
         M
                1663
         Hannah Pope (Fallowell)
      B circa 1638
      D Mar 12, 1710 Plymouth, Mass
   3-6 Elizabeth Bartlett
         В
         D Feb 7, 1712/3 Hinghem
         M Dec 26, 1661 Plymouth, Mass
             Anthony Sprague
                B apbt May 23, 1636 Charlestown
                D Sept 3, 1719 Hinghem
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Note of "Left one son" squeezed in between the birth and death lines; unable to recreate on computer.

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(page 16 – handwritten)
   3-7 Lydia Bartlett
         B June 8, 1648 Plymouth, Mass
         D Sept 11, 1691 Plymouth, Mass
         1M James Barnaby
            В
            D before Oct 30, 1677
         2M John Nelson
      B circa 1643
      D April 29, 1697 Mass (Plymouth)
   3-8 Mercy Bartlett
         B Mar 10, 1650 Plymouth, Mass
         D Nov 22, 1752 Dartmouth
         M Dec 25, 1668 Plymouth, Mass
            John Frey
                of Boston
   2M Thomas Delano _____
            after 9-19-1696
(page 17 – handwritten)
Jonathan Morey
   B ca 1633
   D May 19, 1705 Plymouth, Mass
   Date of will Feb 24, 1699 Plymouth Mass
   Proved June 16, 1708 Plymouth, Mass
   names 2 children: John (Jonathan) Hannah & wife Hannah
   1. M July 8, 1759 Plymouth, Mass.
      Mrs. Mary (Bartlett) Foster, widow
         В
                Plymouth, Mass
            dau of Robert & Mary (Warren) Bartlett
         D Sept 26, 1692 Plymouth, Mass
```

#### Children

```
1. John (Jonathan) Morey
         named in father's will
                                               children
         M Mary Bourne
                                                  (1) John
                                                  (2) Mary-M Nathaniel Atwood
      ★2 Hannah Morey
                                                  (3) Hannah
         B CA 1613 Plymouth, Mass
         named in father's will
         D By 1729 (second marriage of husband) Rochester, Mass
         M circa 1693/4 - 1695
            John Bumpas (Jr)
                Bapt Sept 28, 1673 Sertuate, Mass
                D June 22, 1762 Warehem, Mass
         children
            (1) Jonathan Bumpas
                B Sept 15, 1695 Warehem, now Rocester, Mass
            (2) John Bumpas III
                B July 17, 1698 Rochester, Mass
                D
                      1764 Wareham, Mass
                M June 20, 1723
                   Rebecca Hunter
(page 18 – handwritten)
   ★(3) Sarah Bumpas
         B May 21, 1701 Rochester, Mass
         D Before June 20, 1787 Sharon, Conn
            will of husband
         M Oct 17, 1728 Rochester, Mass
      George White Sr
                      1699 Rochester, Mass
                В
                D after Feb 20, 1788 Sharon, Conn
                   will made June 20, 1787
                   addition Feb 20, 1788
```

```
children
         George White Jr
             Bapt Oct 19, 1787 Rochester, Mass
            D Between Aug 22 - Oct 18, 1804 Otsego Co, NY
                (will)
             M Mar 1758 Sharon, Conn
                Patience (Hamlin) not proven
                   Bapt June 1763
                   D after Oct 18, 1804
                      (will of husband)
             Children
                ★Nathaniel White
                   B July 25, 1759 Dutchess Co NY
                   D Jan 24, 1836 Lafayette, Ind
                   1. M Feb 7, 1785
                      Hannah Finch
                         B Jan 26, 1766 Dutchess Co NY
                          D May 10, 1832 Tippecanoe Co Ind
                   2. M Dec 23, 1834 Lafayette, Ind
                      Mrs. Priscilla Goldsberry
(4) Mary Bumpas
      B May 9, 1704
(5) Hannah Bumpas
      B May 2, 1707
(6) Samuel Bumpas
      B Aug 28, 1709/10
```

(page 19 – handwritten)

2M of Jonathan Morey

Hannah

M after 1692 & before 1699

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(page 20 – handwritten)
2-6 Nathaniel Warren
   В
         1624/1625 Plymouth Mass
   D Bet July 16 & Oct 21, 1667 Plymouth, Mass
   M Nov 19, 1645 Plymouth, Mass
   Sarah Walker
         D Nov 24, 1700 Plymouth, Mass
   children
      3-1 Mercey Warren
         M Jonathan Delano
         children<sup>7</sup>
            4-1 Jonathan Delano
                M Amy H[u/a]tch
            4-2 Mercey (Mercy) Delano
                M Joseph Hatch
   3-1 - Richard
   3-2 Sarah
   3-3 Hope
   3-4 Jane
   3-5 Elizabeth
   3-6 Alice
   3-7 Mercy
         B Feb 20, 1657 Plymouth
         d after Nov 6, 1727
         M Feb 28-1677 & 8
            Jonathan Delano
                В
   3-8 Mary
   3-9 Nathaniel
   3-10 John
   3-11 James
   3-12 Jabe[s/z]
```

<sup>7</sup> Looks to be a large X under "Jonathan Delano" and next to "children" but nothing has been crossed out.

8

#### THE 1623 DIVISION

In 1623 it was decided to allot land to every family to help increase production. The previous plan of working for the common good was not successful and this new plan worked much better.<sup>2</sup> The article might be considered a "reconstructed" 1623 census of Plymouth, as everyone living there at the time appears to have been granted land, except the crew of the Little James. They were hired for fishing and did not intend to stay.

I believe the division was actually made after January 1st, 1624. It was certainly made after the Bradford-Southworth marriage 24 Aug. 1623 (old style) and the marriage of Myles Standish and Barbara who came on the Anne. It was apparently made after 5 Nov. 1623, as Timothy Hatherly did not receive land. He had come on the Anne, but returned on the same ship after his house burned November 5th. Some have thought that the division was made late in 1623 (old style) what we would term March 1624, just before April planting.

It appears that the population of Plymouth in 1623 included 48 from the Mayflower, 32 from the Fortune, and about 96 from the Anne, Little James and other ships, at total population of about 176. Mayflower passengers who survived the first winter, but apparently left Plymouth before the 1623 division, were Desire Minter, William Trevor and Ely. It is possible that they might be "hidden" in one of the families, but I doubt it.

The list of Mayflower passengers is taken from Bradford's history. There are no contemporary passenger lists for the Fortune, Anne and Little James whose passengers shared in the 1623 land division. Published lists are based on the names in that division, with the 1627 cattle division as the primary source for identifying wives and children.

The Fortune brought Robert Cushman and 35 other passengers in 1621, of whom 32 were still living at Plymouth in 1623. Mr. Cushman returned on the Anne, Mr. Ford had died by that time, and two whose names are unknown had either died or left the colony. The Anne and Little James brought "about 60 persons for the general" and a company that came "on their particular" — John Oldham's group who were not regular members of the Colony.

I believe that the following rules were used in 1623 for allotting land.

1—An acre for every person then living in Plymouth except the sailors. This would include children born on the ships. Oceanus Hopkins and Peregrine White were born aboard the Mayflower, the Fords had a baby shortly after the Fortune arrived, and Sarah Jenney and Ephraim Morton were probably born on the Anne.

2—An acre for every adult who came on the Mayflower, whether he died aboard or in Plymouth, as long as any of his family survived. No shares for children who died.

3—An acre for every servant who died, provided one member of the family survived.

4—An acre for every person who contributed £10 toward the financing of the Pilgrims—the "double share" of the Pilgrims' agreement with the Adventurers.

8

✓Richard Warren—[2]—one for himself and an extra share for financial contribution?

John Goodman—x—as he died the first winter, this share must be for money contributed.

John Crackstone—x—a share for John, Jr. and one for his father, dead.

(page 22 – handwritten note at top of page, photocopy from <u>The Mayflower</u> <u>Quarterly, Vol. 40 No. 2 May 1974</u>)

Land grants to passengers who came on the ship "Anne" in the summer of 1623.

\_\_\_

60

The Mayflower Quarterly

Marie Buckett-1-for herself, Mary Becket\*9

Mr. Ouldom & those joyned with him—10—one each as follows:

**1**—John Oldham **6**—son, Richard Oldham

**2**—Mrs. Oldham 7—Roger Conant

3—daughter Lucretia Oldham\*
 4—daughter Christian Oldham
 5—son Caleb Conant

**5**—daughter Mary Oldham **10**—William Bridges

Roger Conant left with John Oldham in 1624 and must have been part of this group. William Bridges later married Mary Oldham and was probably one of this group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>In 1624 the settlers asked their Governor to cease distributing land "by yearly lot" so that they might benefit from the improvements they had made on a particular piece of land. He therefore assigned them the use of the same lots until 1627, when the agreement with the Adventurers would expire. There was still "no division for inheritance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Original notes underneath line are on the bottom right-hand side of the photocopy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Symbol appears next to a few names on this page from *The Mayflower Quarterly*; however, no explanation is given as to what it means. Symbols are from text, not hand-written notes.

**Cudbart Cudbartsone—6**—one each as follows: **1**—himself, also known as 4-Sarah Allerton\* Godbert Godbertson **5**—Mary Priest **6**—Sarah Priest daughters of Degory 2—wife Sarah Godbertson\* 3-son Samuel Godbertson **Anthony Anable—4**—one each as follows: 1—himself **3**—daughter Sarah Annable 2—wife Mrs. Jane Annable 4-daughter Hannah Annable **Thomas Tilden—3**—one each as follows: **1**—himself **2**—his wife 3-a Tilden child ✓ **Richard Warren**—**5**—one each as follows: **1**—wife Mrs. Elizabeth Warren **4**—daughter Ann Warren 2—daughter Mary Warren **5**—daughter Sarah Warren **3**—daughter Elizabeth Warren Another mystery. There should be a 6th share for his daughter Abigail Warren. The extra share he received as a Mayflower passenger should not be for his wife who came later as this was contrary to what others received. **Bangs**—4—one each as follows: **3**— — Bangs **4**— — Bangs **1**—himself Edward Bangs **2**— Bangs Edward Bangs was 86 years old in 1677, so he would be 32 years old in 1623. As no first name is used, I believe there must have been more than one adult male. Perhaps Edward brought a wife and child and a brother with him. Only Edward was in Plymouth in 1627, according to the cattle division. He married Lydia Hicks after that date. Robart Rattlife-[2]—one each for himself, Robert Ratcliff, and one for his wife Nicholas Snow—x—one for himself\* **Anthony Dize**—x—one for himself and one for his wife Tabitha Mr. Perces 2 ser.-x-Abraham Peirce sold one of these lots in 1629 to Thomas Clarke, so he must be the Mr. Perce, but the servants cannot be identified **Ralfe Walen**—x—one for himself, Ralph Wallen, and on for wife Joyce

**Steph:Tracy—3**—one each as follow:

**1**—himself, Stephen Tracy

3—daughter Sarah Tracy

2-wife Tryphosa

[line drawing of sailing ship]10

# The Mayflower Compact

NE of the forerunners of the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of this nation is the Mayflower Compact. This agreement

was the first foundation of the government of the Plymouth colony . . . and one of the earliest documents in the American quest for freedom which culminated in the United States of America a century-and-ahalf later.

The Compact was written and signed aboard the Mayflower on November 21, 1620, (reckoned by our present calendar) as the famous ship lay at anchor in Cape Cod Harbor off the future site of Provincetown, Massachusetts. No one knows what became of the original document itself. However, its content is recorded in the History of Plymouth Plantation, written by the second governor of the colony, William Bradford, in his own handwriting. It was, to quote Governor Bradford's history, "occasioned partly by the discontented and mutinous speeches that some of the strangers amongst them had let fall from them in the ship-That when they came ashore they would use their won liberty, for none had power to command them, the patent they had being for Virginia, and not for New England which belonged to another government, with which the Virginia Company had nothing to do. And partly that such an act by them done (this their condition considered) might be as firm as any patent, and in some respects more sure."

We of the Aero Mayflower Transit Company, Inc., realizing that the Compact is relatively little known, yet so significant a part of our heritage of freedom, felt that you might be interested in the actual text of this document. We have, therefore, through the courtesy of the Massachusetts Library where State the original manuscript is preserved, reproduced inside this folder, a facsimile of the Compact as it appears in the handwriting of Governor Bradford, one of its signers, in his History of Plymouth Plantation. It is undoubtedly the oldest known record of this text. In addition, we have reproduced, in pleasing form, we hope, the text in typeset form for easier reading, together with a list of the signers. Either is suitable for framing separately, or both may be framed together, should you wish to do so.

In sending you this document, on the 335th anniversary of its adoption, we hope it will bring interest and pleasure, and, as it did to us, a greater measure of appreciation and gratitude to our pioneering forefathers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Unable to find original picture; believed to be an old logo from Aero Mayflower Transit Company, Inc.

(pages 24 photocopy of information on Mayflower Compact, likely with article on page 23)

# The Mayflower Compact

The original being no longer in existence, the wording of this fundamental document of American Freedom is reproduced below as it appears in the *History of Plymouth Plantation*, written in his own hand by William Bradford, second governor of the colony.

In g name of god formen. He who so names are underwriten. the loyal subjects of our dread soveraigno Lord Hing tames by g grace of god, of great britaine, france, c greland king defonder of god, of great britaine, france, c greland king. Haveing underlaken, for g glorio of god, and advancements of theis tian and honour of our king c countrio, a voyage to plant g first colonie in g therend parts of virginia. Doe by these presents solemnly a mutually in g presence of god, and one of another, cone nant, a combine our selves togeather into a civill body politick; for the bottom ordering a preservation a furtherance of g ends afordaid; and by vertue hearof to enacte, constitute, and frame shuth just a equal lawes, ordinances, with a constitutions, a offices, from time to time, as shall be shought most meete a convenient for g general good of g colonie: who which we promise all due submission and obscience of mitnes where of me have here under subscribed our names at cape code fill of Hovember in grear of g raigne of our soveraigne lord king games of england, france, a excellent feighteens and of scolland g fifthe fourth, for dom. 1620.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Picture from "Mayflower Compact," *Pilgrim Movement*, accessed 14 September 2020, http://www.pilgrim-movement.org/mayflower-compact. Original in book black and white with frame around it.

(page 25—a photocopy of Mayflower Compact, likely a poster with article on page 23; unable to find original poster, recreated here as best as able.)

# The Mayflower Compact

**In the name of God, Amen**. We, whose names are underwritten, the loyal subjects of our dread sovereign Lord, King James, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, etc.

Having undertaken, for the glory of God, and advancement of the Christian faith, and the honor of our King and Country, a voyage to plant the first colony in the northern parts of Virginia, do by these presents, solemnly and mutually in the presence of God, and one of another, covenant and combine ourselves together into a civil body politic, for our better ordering and preservation and furtherance of the ends aforesaid; and by virtue hereof to enact, constitute and frame, such just and equal laws, ordinances, acts, constitutions and offices, from time to time, as shall be thought most meet and convenient for the general good of the Colony: unto which we promise all due submission and obedience.

*In Witness whereof* we have hereunder subscribed our names at Cape Cod the \*11 of November, in the reign of our sovereign Lord, King James of England, France and Ireland the eighteenth, and of Scotland the fifty-fourth. Anno Dom. 1620.

John Carver, William Bradford, Edward Winslow, William Brester, Isaac Allerton, Myles Standish, John Alden, Samuel Fuller, Christopher Martin, William Mullins, William White,

★Richard Warren,¹²
John Howland,
Stephen Hopkins,
Edward Tilly,
John Tilly,
Francis Cooke,
Thomas Rogers,
Thomas Tinker,
John Rigdale,
Edward Fuller,

John Turner, Francis Eaton, James Chilton, John Crackston, John Billington, Moses Fletcher, John Goodman, Degory Priest, Thomas Williams, Gilbert Winslow, Edmond Margeson, Peter Brown, Richard Britteridge, George Saule, Richard Clarke, Richard Gardiner, John Allerton, Thomas English, Edward Doty, Edward Leister,

\*Old calendar

<sup>12</sup> Star added, not part of original.

(page 26—handwritten note, maybe photocopy since it has a handwritten price in upper-hand corner)

25¢

Enclosed is a reproduction of the Mayflower Compact with interesting information of the Mayflower on <u>genuine antiqued parchment paper</u>. It looks over 300 years old!

(page 27—very dark photocopy of half of Mayflower Compact described on page 26)

[Image illegible]

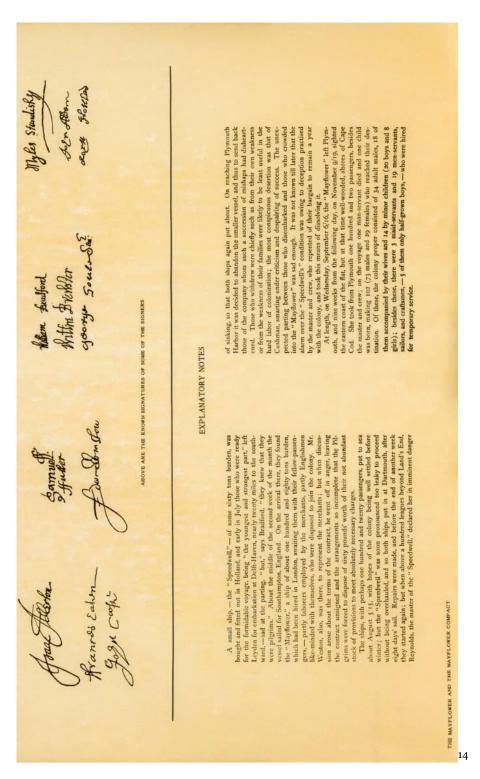
(page 28—lighter photocopy of half of Mayflower Compact on previous page; original is barely legible; however, the parts that are readable are the same as the picture below)

As the Name of God, Amera, We whole Nather Signature, are underwritten, the Loyal Subjects of our dread of the General Sovering Lord King James, by the grace of God of mare Sovering Lord King James, by the grace of God of mare Sovering Lord King James, by the grace of God of mare Sovering and James, Lower and Intalay, King Defender of the Ramon, and advancement of the Christian Faith, and the Honour of our King and Country, a volyage to plant the first Colony in the Narthern parts of Friguia, 3. Do by their Perients folemmly and mutually, in the prefere code con another. Coverant and Combine our closes of control on a Christ Body Politick, for our better ordering and preferration of unfartherate of the rends	and divertion; and by vitter herrot do carety, continuer and frame (tuch just and equal Laws, O dinators, Acts, Copfituations and Officers, from tune to thing, at full be thought moting and the care of convenient for the greeral good of the Colony; a unowhich we promife all de fubratife from and obsticince. In whatefs where there into fablicable done Names at Capt Code, the eleventh of Navander, in the Reign of our Sowrigan Lord King fames, of England, France and treland thee glucenth, and it is greated by the country of the Sowriand the fitty fourth, Anna Dom. 16:20.	Samuel Fallie.  Chrispine Mariel. Briton d'Ti'ly.  Chrispine Mariel.  Francis Cark.  In tillen Met Jill.  Francis Cark.  In tillen Schrift.  The Mariel Stever.  Them I Trake.  John Kichal.  Francis Cark.  Them Jill.  The Richall.  Edward Falle.  Richal Gradur.  Ciller Priff.  Richal Gradur.  Ciller Priff.  Richal Gradur.  Them Mariel Mariel.  Richal Gradur.  And Alleria.  Richal Gradur.  Them Steven Cliff.  Richal Gradur.  Them Steven Cliff.  Ciller Priff.  Richal Gradur.  Them Lange.  Richal Gradur.	The "Compact", with the signers, as first, pritted in "corton's accorda" at Carbridge, lass, in 1869, an efficial sublication of the Parceth Colory. The order of signing the original manuscript is rot known.	Myles Standishy Solor Alban Care Fronces
		ie: Darbe inthum Correnter in the Correction in th		mustice hither traffert fresher some South
bicks of our dread sourrains for decorried.  bicks of our dread sourrains lord Hong simes it soul, of great britaine, franc, c fresand king faith, or expects of soul, and advancements with known of our king countries, a regalable colonie on the man soul of the countries, a regalable	mutually property of property of the state o	general good of y coloning of the coloning of the coloning of years of our sames of years of our same of our same of the franco of greened of the franco of greened out the frie dom 1620.	IDFORD'S COPY OF THE MAYFLOWER C in his handwriting in his History of Plymouth Plantation, OVER 300 YEARS AGO!	Samuel. Synker  Landanston
In it name of god fran. Whe loyal subjects of our did by it grass of god, of great defondor of j faith, or Hausing underlokin, for it is christian and konour of it christian and konour of it was it is not and it is not in it is	by these presents solemny a mutual my presenter box one of another, concrans one of another, concrans sometimes my presenter miles concident solemny, expression of the superation of the superations of the superations is officed from time to time as said thought	most meete a convenient for j general good of j Colonie. Into which me promiso all due submission and obstrence. In mitues where of me have here snoter sufferibled our names at Cape. Cold J. 11. of november my year of raigne of our soverages loved king James of England, franco, a greland feightenm and of scotland j fitho fourth, in: Jom. 1620.	GOVERNOR BRADFORD'S COPY OF THE MAYFLOWER COMPACT Preserved in his handwriting in his History of Plymouth Plantation, OVER 300 YEARS AGO!	Gras Ederm.

13

 $<sup>^{13}</sup>$  Picture from "Mayflower Compact,"  $Pilgrim\ Movement,$  accessed 14 September 2020, http://www.pilgrimmovement.org/mayflower-compact. Original had creases and was black and white.

## (page 29—photocopy of second half of Mayflower Compact described on page 26)

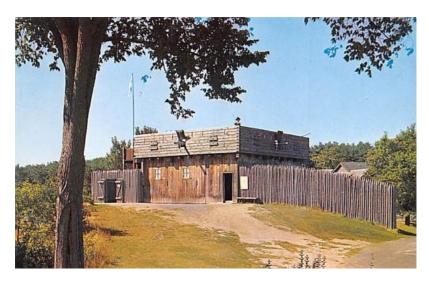


 $<sup>^{14}</sup>$  Picture from "Mayflower Compact," Pilgrim Movement, accessed 14 September 2020, http://www.pilgrimmovement.org/mayflower-compact. Original had creases and was black and white.

(page 30—handwritten notes with black and white photocopies of postcards)

#### On Guard

In 1622 on a hill above their village, the Pilgrims erected a heavily timbered structure to serve as a center of worship and defense – A replica of this first Fort. Meeting House overlooks the recreated Pilgrim Village of Plimoth Plantation, Plymouth, Mass.



August 1961

15

[image illegible; believed to be another photocopy of a postcard, could not find original]

Replica of Richard Warren's home in Plymouth, Massachusetts. It was by far the fanciest and seemed more luxuriant than the rest. There were pewter dishes instead of wooden ones.

(page 31-slightly better photocopy of second image on previous page)

[image illegible, could not find original]

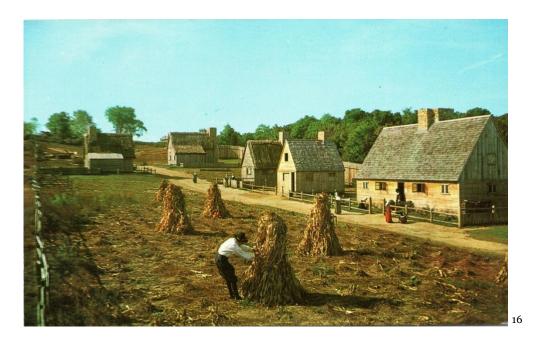
(page 32—copy of page 30)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Image from "Pilgrims Fort Plimoth Plantation Plymouth MA Mass Unused Vintage Postcard," accessed 15 Sept 2020https://cdn11.bigcommerce.com/s-db59p/images/stencil/1280x1280/products/19056/38697/ Plymouth\_06122019\_07\_\_72700.1560634427.jpg?c=2. Original photocopy black and white, very dark.

## (page 33—handwritten notes with black and white photocopy of postcard)

#### **Autumn Pastoral**

Indian summer comes to Plimoth Plantation as a Pilgrim father shocks his corn and children play in the sun-warmed Village streets, Scene of the replica Pilgrim Village of Plimoth Plantation, Plymouth, Mass.



The largest home is probably that of Richard Warren, 12 signer of Mayflower Compact.

 $<sup>^{16}</sup>$  Image from "Massachusetts MA Plymouth First Fort Meeting House Pilgrims Postcard Old Vintage," accessed 15 Sept 2020, https://picclick.com/Massachusetts-MA-Plymouth-First-Fort-Meeting-House-Pilgrims-313210144757.html. Original photocopy black and white.

(page 34—handwritten notes with black and white photocopies of postcards)

Children in Pilgrim costume portray the gathering of the Thanksgiving harvest of the replica Pilgrim Village of Plimoth Plantation, Plymouth, Massachusetts,



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Image from "Photo Postcard Thanksgiving Pilgrim Children Pumpkins Harvest Plymouth," accessed 15 Sept 2020, https://www.ebay.com/itm/Photo-Postcard-Thanksgiving-Pilgrim-Children-Pumpkins-Harvest-Plymouth-/113173663958. Original photocopy black and white.

## **Bible Story Hour**

A Pilgrim mother reads a few stories from the Geneva Bible to her children before preparing them for bed at First House, a reproduction of an early Pilgrim dwelling of the period 1623, by Plimoth Plantation a nonprofit educational foundation, located near the nationally famous Plymouth Rock, on the State Reservation, Plymouth, Massachusetts



18

 $<sup>^{18}</sup>$  Image from "Vintage Travel Postcards," accessed 15 Sept 2020,  $http://vintage travel postcards.blog spot.com/2011/06/plymouth-mass achusetts.html.\ Original\ photocopy\ black\ and\ white.$ 

(page 35—handwritten notes with black and white photocopies of postcards)

Mayflower II built at Brixham, England by Project Mayflower; sailed from Plymouth, England to Plymouth, Massachusetts by Captain Villiers in April, 1957, a gift of the people of Great Britain to the people of the United States as a gesture of Anglo-American friendship. Mayflower II will be berthed permanently at Plimoth Plantation Eel River Site in Plymouth, Massachusetts



Plymouth Rock

Located on the State Reservation, Plymouth, Massachusetts, is the acknowledged landing place of the Pilgrims on December 21, 1620. Visited annually by over 400,000 visitors, this national shrine has become for the people of America the Symbol of a great faith and a great hope, a true symbol of freedom and democracy.

[image of Plymouth Rock; believed to be another photocopy of a postcard, could not find original]

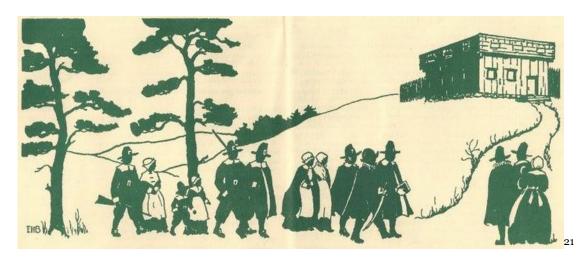
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Image from "Mayflower II Plimoth Plantation Plymouth Massachusetts Postcard," accessed 15 Sept 2020, https://images-na.ssl-images-amazon.com/images/I/51FMJDvB58L.\_SR600%2C315\_PIWhiteStrip%2CBottomLeft %2C0%2C35\_SCLZZZZZZZ\_\_jpg. Original photocopy black and white.

(page 36—handwritten notes with black and white photocopy of postcard)

The Pilgrim march to church in their Fort Meeting House of 1622-23, a reproduction of Plimoth Plantation, Plymouth, Massachusetts. This exhibit will be removed to the new Plantation site at Eel River, under the sponsorship of the Mass. Congregational Conference, 14 Beacon Street, Boston, where contributions are presently being received for this purpose.



(page 37—photocopy of information on the Pilgrim Progress, perhaps a brochure)



#### THE PILGRIM PROGRESS

#### PLYMOUTH, MASSACHUSETTS

"We verily believe and trust the Lord is with us, unto whom and whose service we have given ourselves in many trials." From Gov. Bradford's history "A Plimoth Plantation."

 $https://patch.com/mass a chusetts/plymouth/pilgrim-progress-needs-volunteers.\ Original\ photocopy\ black\ and\ white.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Image from "The Pilgrims March," accessed 15 Sept 2020, https://www.picclickimg.com/d/l400/pict/113660326720\_/The-Pilgrims-March-Fort-Meeting-House-of-1622-23.jpg. Original photocopy black and white. <sup>21</sup> Image from "Pilgrim Progress Needs Volunteers," accessed 15 Sept 2020,

(page 38—photocopy of music and songs used by Pilgrims; unable to find original source, recreated here as best as able; original slightly blurry.)

#### Used by the Pilgrim Congregation in Holland and in Plymouth

#### PSALM 86



Bow down Thine ear, Jehovah, answer me: For I am poor, afflicted, and needy. Keep thou my soul, for merciful am I; My God, Thy servant save, that trusts in Thee In day of my straight tribulation
I call on Thee; for Thou wilt answer me.
Among the gods, not say is like Thee
O Lord, and like unto Thy works are none.

Unto Thy servant give Thy strength, and save Thine handmaid's son. A sign for good show me; And let mine haters see and shamed be That I from Thee, Lord, help, and comfort have.

#### PSALM 100



Shout to Jehovah, all the earth; Serve ye Jehovah with gladness, Before Him come with singing mirth, Know that Jehovah He God is. It's He that made us, and not we, His folk, and sheep of His feeding. Oh, with confession enter ye His gates, His courtyards with praising.

Confess to Him, Bless ye His name, Because Jehovah He good is; His mercy ever is the same, And his faith unto all ages.



Confess Jehovah thankfully, For He is good, for His mercy Continueth for ever.

To God of gods confess do ye, Because His bountiful mercy Continueth for ever.

Unto the Lord of lords confess, Because His merciful kindness Continueth for ever.

To Him that doth Himself only
Things wondrous great, for His
mercy
Continueth for ever.



(page 39—photocopy of page about Pilgrim Progress, unknown source)

## **Pilgrim Progress**

The PILGRIM PROGRESS, instituted by the Town of Plymouth in 1921 in honor of it Pilgrim founders, takes place every Friday in August at 5 o'clock, and also forms part of the Town's celebration of Thanksgiving Day.

Each marcher represents one of the PILGRIMS, man, woman, or child, who survived the rigors of the first winter. A list of the Pilgrim households, of the members who died and of those who survived, is given by Governor Bradford in his "History of Plymouth Plantation". This list is carefully followed. The Pilgrims assemble at beat of drum, and march to meeting under arms, as described by Isaac de Rasieres, Secretary of the Dutch colony of New Netherlands, who visited Plymouth in 1627. The line of march leads up the first street (Leyden St.) to the site of the Fort on Burial Hill, where the Pilgrims met for worship. The Psalms sung are taken from THE BOOK OF PSALMS, translated by Henry Ainsworth, which was used by the Pilgrims in Holland and in Plymouth. The passages read by Elder Brewster are usually from Governor Bradford's "History", or other Pilgrim sources.

Thus is faithfully re-lived the Sabbath procession of the Pilgrims to worship.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> All music and pictures on original page 38 from Pratt, Waldo Selden, *The Music of the Pilgrims* (Boston, MA: Oliver Ditson Company), from Google Books, https://books.google.com, accessed 15 Sept 2020.

#### THE ORDER OF MARCH

- ELDER BREWSTE—about 54 years old—one of the leaders of the Pilgrims in Scrooby and Leyden—Elder of the Pilgrim Church until his death in 1643 at nearly 80 years of age.
- GOVERNOR WILLIAM BRADFORD—about 30 years old—was one of the original congregation in Scrooby, went to Leyden, and was Governor in Plymouth for many years—died at the age of 67 years—wife died the first winter—married again and had four children.
- MYLES STANDISH—about 36 years old—a professional soldier who came in charge of military affairs-wife died the first winter and he married again and had many children—settled in Duxbury and died there aged 73.
- MRS. CARVER—about 40 years old—her husband died the first winter, and she died at the end of the first summer. Her sister was the wife of Pastor John Robinson.
- DESIRE MINTER—about 18 years old—lived with the Carvers—was not well and later returned to her friends in England.
- MAID—about 18 years old-married in America and died soon after.
- JOHN HOWLAND—about 27 years old—servant in Carver household—married Elisabeth Tilley and had 10 children—died in Plymouth about 80 years old.
- WILLIAM LATHAM—a boy—lived with the Carversremained here 39 years and then went to England and to the Bahama Islands where he was marooned and starved to death.
- STEPHEN HOPKINS—about 35 years old—lived over 20 years in Plymouth and had 5 children born here.
- MRS. ELIZABETH HOPKINS—lived over 20 years in Plymouth.
- GILES HOPKINS—about 13 years old—married Catherine Wheldon and had 5 children—moved to Yarmouth and died there 1690.
- CONSTANTIA HOPKINS—about 15 years old—married Nicholas Snow and had 13 children—died in Eastham about 73 years old.
- DAMARIS HOPKINS—young girl—married—died in Plymouth about 1668.
- OCEANUS HOPKINS—born on the Mayflower—died within a year.
- ISAAC ALLERTON—about 34 years old—wife died the first winter—married Fear Brewster, daughter of Elder Brewster—many children—prominent man among the

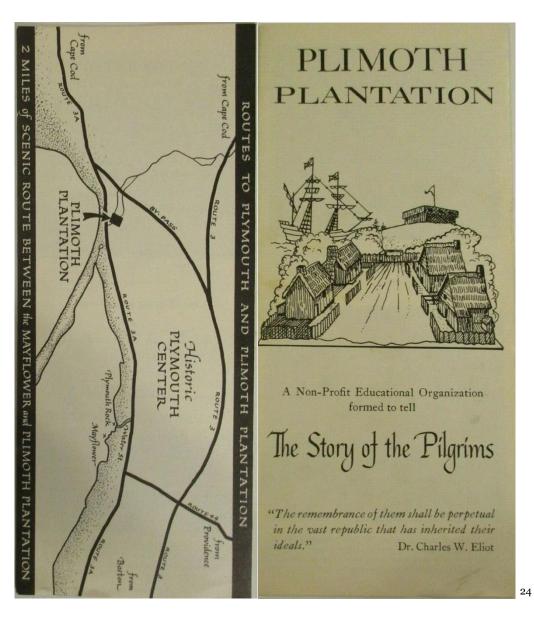
- Pilgrims but left Plymouth and died in New Haven in 1659.
- BARTHOLOMEW ALLERTON—about 8. Later married in England.
- MARY ALLERTON—a little girl between 6 and 13 married Elder Thomas Cushman—lived in Plymouth and died there, the last survivor of the Mayflower, about 80 years old.
- REMEMBER ALLERTON—a little girl between 6 and 13 married and went to Salem.
- JOHN BILLINGTON—a married man with sons—always getting into trouble—was finally executed for murder in 1630.
- MRS. ELLEN BILLINGTON—after John's death married again.
- JOHN BILLINGTON, JR. —about 15 years old—died before 1630.
- FRANCIS BILLINGTON—about 14 years old—married and had 8 children—moved to Yarmouth.
- FRANCIS COOK—about 38 years old—wife came over in the Anne—many children—died in Plymouth in 1683.
- JOHN COOK—his son about 13 years old—married Sarah Warren—went to New Bedford and became a Baptist preacher—next to Mary Allerton the last survivor of the Mayflower.
- JOSEPH ROGERS—boy about 15 years old—father died the first winter—brother and sister came over later married and had 6 children—died in Eastham.
- MRS. MARY BREWSTER—about 50 years old—died in Plymouth in 1627.
- LOVE BREWSTER—a boy about 9 years old—married Sarah Collier and had 10 children—moved to Duxbury and died there 1650.
- WRESTLING BREWSTER—about 6 years old—died a young man.
- RICHARD MORE—an orphan boy between 6 and 14—married and had 4 or 5 children—his brother and sister died the first winter.
- ELIZABETH TILLEY—15—parents died first winter.
  Married John Howland; had many children. Died 1687.
- HUMILITY COOPER—about 14 years old—cousin of Edward Tilley—went back to England some time after 1623.
- HENRY SAMPSON—about 6 years old—married Ann Plummer and had 7 children—moved to Duxbury and died there 1684.

- SAMUEL FULLER 2nd.—8—orphan nephew of Dr. Fuller—parents died first winter—Died Barnstable 1683, leaving many descendants.
- EDWARD WINSLOW—25—wife died first winter—he married Mrs. White—made many voyages to England on Colony affairs—3 times governor—Only Pilgrim whose portrait we have.
- ★RICHARD WARREN<sup>23</sup>—about 40 years old—left wife and 5 daughters in England, who all came over later had 2 sons born here—a merchant of London—died 1628.
- SAMUEL FULLER—40 years old—deacon of the church and doctor for the colony—wife came over later—died in Plymouth 1633.
- RICHARD GARDINER—21 years old—became a seaman and died at sea.
- PETER BROWN—20 years old—married twice and died 1633.
- FRANCIS EATON—about 25 years old—wife died the first winter—was a carpenter and shipwright—married 3 times.
- SAMUEL EATON—2 years old—married—died in Middleboro 1634.
- MRS. SUSANNA WHITE—about 25 years old—sister of Samuel Fuller—husband died the first winter—married Edward Winslow—died 1680—son Josiah Winslow, governor of Plymouth 1673-1680.
- RESOLVED WHITE—5 years old—married Judith Vassall and had 5 children—died in Salem about 1690.

- PEREGRINE WHITE—boy born on the Mayflower—Capt. of Militia—married Sarah Bassett and had 6 children—lived in Marshfield and died there 1704.
- MARY CHILTON—12-15 years old—mother and father died the first year—married John Winslow, brother of Edward, and had 10 children—moved to Boston and died there 1679.
- PRISCILLA MULLINS—about 18 years old—her father, mother and brother died the first winter—she then lived with the Brewsters—married John Alden and had 11 children—died about 1685.
- EDWARD DOTY—servant to Mr. Hopkins—about 21—married Faith Clark—died in Plymouth 1655.
- EDWARD LISTER—about 21 years old—servant to Mr. Hopkins—went to Virginia and died there.
- GEORGE SOULE—27 years old—servant to Edward Winslow—married Mary Becket and had 8 children—died in Duxbury 1680.
- GILBERT WINSLOW—21 years old—stayed here a few years and then returned to England.
- JOHN ALDEN—21 years old—a cooper—hired in England and left free to go or stay but he stayed and married Priscilla Mullins and had 11 children—died in Duxbury at the age of 87.
- JOHN CRAKSTON—a boy—came with his father who died the first winter—5 or 6 years later he got lost in the woods, and died from exposure.

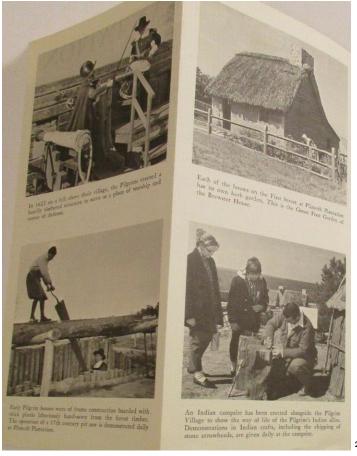
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 23}$  Star added, not part of original photocopy.

(page 40—photocopy of front and back of brochure for Plimoth Plantation)



 $<sup>^{24}</sup>$  Images from "Vintage Plimoth Plantation Massachusetts Travel Brochure Pamphlet," accessed 15 Sept 2020, https://picclick.com/Vintage-Plimoth-Plantation-Massachusetts-Travel-Brochure-Pamphlet-173870051957.html. Original black and white.

# (page 41—photocopy of first half of inside of Plimoth Plantation brochure, bottom right-hand corner cut off)



25

[top left photo-In 1622 on a hill above their village, the Pilgrims erected a heavily timbered structure to serve as a place of worship and center of defense.

top right photo-Each of the houses on the First Street at Plimoth Plantation has its own herb garden. This is the Goose Foot Garden of the Brewster House.

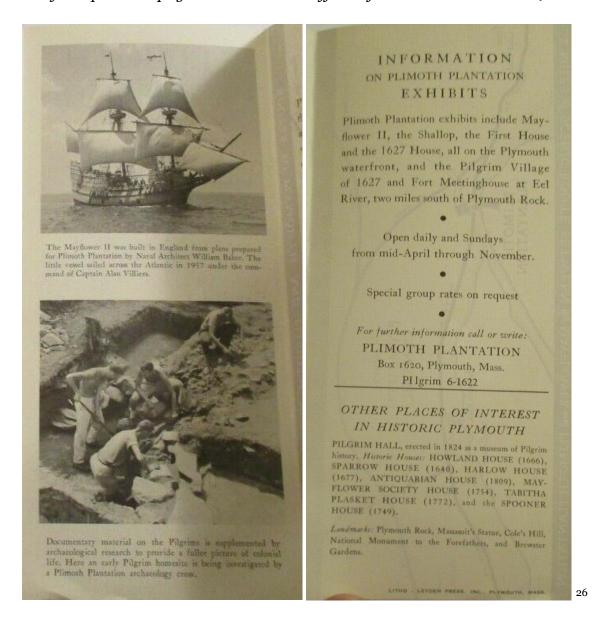
bottom left photo-Early Pilgrim houses were of frame construction boarded with thick planks laboriously hand-sewn from the forest timber. The operation of a 17<sup>th</sup> century pit saw is demonstrated daily at Plimoth Plantation.

bottom right photo-An Indian campsite has been erected alongside the Pilgrim's Village to show the way of life of the Pilgrim's Indian allies. Demonstrations in Indian crafts, including the chipping of stone arrowheads, are given daily at the campsite.]

(page 42—slightly better copy of previous page, nothing cut off this page)

 $<sup>^{25}</sup>$  Images from "Vintage Plimoth Plantation Massachusetts Travel Brochure Pamphlet," accessed 15 Sept 2020, https://picclick.com/Vintage-Plimoth-Plantation-Massachusetts-Travel-Brochure-Pamphlet-173870051957.html. Original black and white and laid flat; image used was best available.

(page 43—photocopy of 2<sup>nd</sup> half of inside Plimoth Plantation brochure. Pictures and text from previous pages shown and cut off on left side—not shown here.)

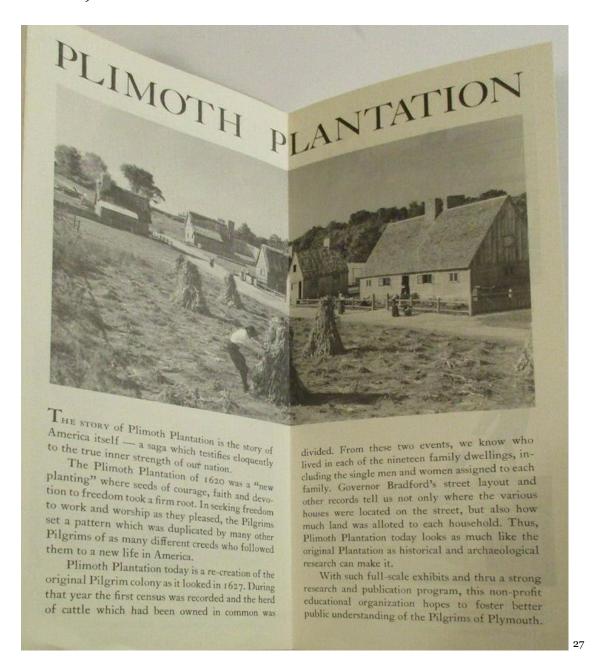


[top photo-The Mayflower II was built in England from plans prepared in Plimoth Plantation by Naval Architect William Baker. The little vessel sailed across the Atlantic in 1957 under the command of Captain Alan Villiers.

bottom photo-Documentary material on the Pilgrims is supplemented by archaeological research to provide a filler picture of colonial life. Here an early Pilgrim homesite is being investigated by a Plimoth Plantation archaeology crew.]

 $<sup>^{26}</sup>$  Images from "Vintage Plimoth Plantation Massachusetts Travel Brochure Pamphlet," accessed 15 Sept 2020, https://picclick.com/Vintage-Plimoth-Plantation-Massachusetts-Travel-Brochure-Pamphlet-173870051957.html. Original black and white.

(page 44—photocopy of article on Plimoth Plantation from the Plimoth Plantation brochure)

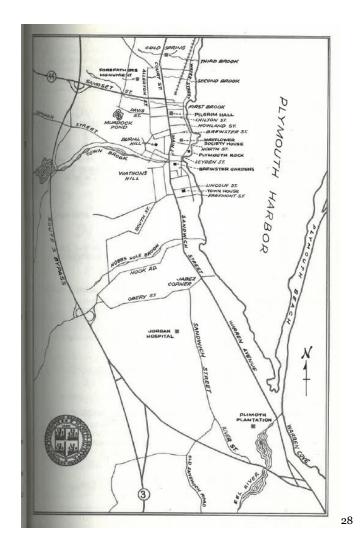


(page 45—copy of page 42)

(page 46—copy of page 43)

 $<sup>^{27}</sup>$  Images from "Vintage Plimoth Plantation Massachusetts Travel Brochure Pamphlet," accessed 15 Sept 2020, https://picclick.com/Vintage-Plimoth-Plantation-Massachusetts-Travel-Brochure-Pamphlet-173870051957.html. Original black and white and laid flat; image used was best available.

(page 47— photocopy from <u>The Mayflower Quarterly</u>, Vol. 40 No. 2 May 1974, page 57)



 $<sup>^{28}</sup>$  Picture taken from original source. Original in Warren Genealogy had no shadows.

# (page 48—photocopy from <u>The Mayflower Quarterly</u>, Vol. 40 No. 3 August 1974, pages 92-93.)<sup>29</sup>



THE LANDING OF THE PILGRIMS By Michele Felice Corné signed and dated 1803



(page 49—photocopy from <u>The Mayflower Quarterly</u>, Vol. 40 No. 3 August 1974, page 95.)



PEABODY MUSEUM OF SALEM
Picture of the Landing of the Pilgrims by Corné

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Picture from "The Landing of the Pilgrims," accessed 16 Sept 2020,

https://diplomaticrooms.state.gov/collectionitems/\_t/19710146\_jpg.jpg; seal underneath from "The Great Seal," accessed 16 Sept 2020, https://diplomacy.state.gov/explore-online-exhibits/the-great-seal. Original black and white photocopy with description and seal underneath, entire photocopy positioned landscape on page; recreated as best as able positioned portrait on page.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Picture from "The Landing of the Pilgrims," accessed 16 Sept 2020, https://diplomaticrooms.state.gov/collectionitems/\_t/19710146\_jpg.jpg. Original black and white, recreated here with same description underneath.

(page 50—photocopy of newspaper article, unknown source, with handwritten date at top; transcribed as best as possible below)

Oct. 28, 1891

I have looked in a number of histories for the names of the passengers who came to New England on the Mayflower, [but have] not been able to [list] them. Will you please publish the list in THE ENQUIRER? – [---]

This list is contained in one of the old records recently returned to this country from England, and is as follows, being prefaced by the following explanation:

"The names of those which came over first in ye year 1620, and were by the blessing of God, the first beginners and (in a sort) the foundation of all the plantations and colonies in New England and their families:"

John Carver, Katherine, his wife, and two men servants.

William Bradford and Dorothy, his wife.

Edward Winslow and Elizabeth, his wife.

William Brewster, Mary, his wife, and two sons, Love and Wresling.

Isaak Allerton, Mary, his wife, and three children, Bartholomew, Remember and Mary.

Captain Miles Standish and Rose, his wife.

John Alden, a ship's cooper.

Samuel Fuller.

Christopher Martin, wife and servants.

William Mullins, wife and two children, Joseph and Priscilla.

William White, Susanna, his wife, son Resolved, and infant Peregreine [sic], born on the ship

★ Richard Warren.31

John Howland.

Rodger Wilder.

Stephen Hopkins, Elizabeth his wife, and four children, Giles, Constanta,

D[a]mari[a/s] and Oceanus, the last born at sea.

Edward Tillie, Ann, his wife, and two children Henry and Humility.

John Tillie, his wife, and daughter Elizabeth.

Francis Cook and his son John.

Thomas Rodgers and his son Joseph.

Thomas Tinker, wife and son.

John Ridgedale, Alice, his wife.

Edward Fuller, his wife, and son

John Turner and two sons.

Francis Eaton, Sarah, his wife, and his son Samuell. [sic]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Star added, not part of original newspaper article.

James Chilton, wife, and daughter Mary.

John Crackston and son John.

John Bilington, Ellen, his wife, and two sons, John and Francis.

And these servants: Moses Fletcher, John Goodman, Degory Priest, Thomas Williams, Gilbert Winslow, Edmund Margesm, Peter Browns, Richard Butteridge, George Souls, Richard Clarke, Richard Gardiner, John Allerton and Thomas English (seaman), Edward Do[t/r]ey and Edward Leicaster. –American Woman.

(page 51—photocopy of first half of article "The Best from American Heritage: Why Pilgrim Fathers Failed Where Puritans Succeeded," from Chicago Sunday Tribune, 22 Nov 1959<sup>32</sup>)

> Chicago Sundug Teifrans HR+ Part 1- Page 13 Part 5- Page 40 F Neverber 22, 1000

THE BEST FROM AMERICAN HERITAGE

## Why Pilgrim Fathers Failed Where Puritans Succeeded

#### TWO BANDS OF SETTLERS: A STUDY IN CONTRASTS

the settlers almost died of famine—and would have, if the Imlians had not offered help, Conversely, the Puritans thrived. Backed by a

A span of 10 short years separated the establishment of the Plymouth Reck colony by the Pliprims and of the Massachusetts Bay colony by the Puritana But the two groups of early settlers in New England were ready different.

The little band of Pligrims nearly met failure. In an area abounding with game and lish and berries, the settlers almost died of famine—and would have, if the Indian had not offered help.

Conversely, the Puritana thrived, Backed by a conversely, the Puritana thrived, Backed by a milgrimage to the home of the first Thanksgiving time. pilgrimage to the home of the first Thanksgiving.

#### BY RICHARD M. KETCHUM

There are few surviving kind of book and set, teo large for regall finis. While and good respect with a will grims years whose famics down the property and such pale, expectant their uses and were allow in grims with pale, expectant their uses and were allow in the same their their their their uses and were allow in the same their thei

#### Early Graves Hidden

Their piety cost the Pil-grims dear in the resulting epidemic of pneumonia and influence. Few were left to greet their first New England spring. A meaument on the steep slope of Cole's hill is all that makes the first burying ground, where survivors of the terrible widter leveled the earth over the remains of

asym over the remains of their companions, "last the Indiana should know how many were the graves." For asardy three years the Pilgrims fought off starra-tion, in Nevember of 1621 the ship Fortune arrived with 35 new colonists but no supplies. In 1823 the same story was repeated. But with or without supplies from England, it is puzzling why the Pilgrims didn't do more with the fertile land in which the colony was situated — puzzling, that is, until we realize that they brought with them no horses, cows, plows, or carts. They were equipped with only one

fort to repair it. The reason: Basque country, and Britishny off to England as a price by thatched roof cottages. By It was the Sabbath. 1640 they began buildings patterned after the familiarthe medieval wooden manor houses with steep roofs and leaded casement windows. This style began to change into something better suited to severe winters, Indian raids, and different kinds of hullding materials. The basic pattern, however, remained, seen today in Salem's House

of the Seven Gables. Instead of the trickle of colonists that came to Plymouth, Missochusetts Bay was del-uged There were 16,000 set-tlers by 1640—and still the stream of immigration flowed on, bringing shipbuilders, merchants, indentured serv-ants, artisans, shopkeepers. The colony couldn't contain

#### A Hunger for Lund

Where the Pilgrims and beyond their original community, the conduct stop. They Pilgrims couldn't step. They moved in groups, settling moved in groups, settling whole communities, possessed



Salam's House of Seven Gables, built in 1668, probably was the impiration for Nathaniel Hawthorne's far (Serie & Schemes Plant)

32 Image for pages 51-52 from "The Best from American Heritage: Why Pilgrim Fathers Failed Where Puritans Succeeded," database with images, Newspapers.com (https://www.newspapers.com: accessed 16 September 2020), from Chicago Tribune, 22 Nov 1959, page 116.

[The Best From American Heritage: Why Pilgrim Fathers Failed Where Puritans Succeeded

#### TWO BANDS OF SETTLERS: A STUDY IN CONTRASTS

A span of 10 short years separated the establishment of the Plymouth Rock colony by the Pilgrims and of the Massachusetts Bay colony by the Puritans. But the two groups of early settlers in New England were vastly different.

The little band of Pilgrims nearly met failure in an area abounding with game and fish and berries, the settlers almost died of famine and would have, if the Indians had not offered help.

Conversely, the Puritans thrived. Back by a well organized corporation, they were marked for success almost from the beginning. They streamed across the Massachusetts hills, into New Hampshire, Maine and the verdant Connecticut valley, settling whole communities at a time.

What made the difference? Why did one colony nearly perish, the other thrive? At Thanksgiving time, an associate editor of American Heritage takes a look at these early beginnings of the county and makes a pilgrimage to the home of the first Thanksgiving.

#### BY RICHARD M. KETCHUM

THERE are few surviving landmarks of those first grim years when famine and death watched the Pilgrims with pale, expectant eyes. Not until survival was relatively certain did they, or the Puritans who followed them, have time to construct anything comfortable or permanent.

The Pilgrims' first "common house" begun on Christmas day, 1620, and completed on Jan. 9, was burned five days later, with its thatched roof destroyed. Altho [*sic*] an icy downpour continued thruout [*sic*] that day, no one made a effort to repair it. The reason: It was the Sabbath.

#### Early Graves Hidden

Their piety cost the Pilgrims dear in the resulting epidemic of pneumonia and influenza. Few were left to greet their first New England spring. A monument on the steep slope of Cole's hill is all that marks the first burying ground, where survivors of the terrible winter leveled the earth over the remains of their companions, "lest the Indians should know how many were the graves."

For nearly three years the Pilgrims fought off starvation. In November of 1621 the ship Fortune arrived with 35 new colonists but no supplies. In 1623 the same story was repeated. But with or without supplies from England, it is puzzling why the Pilgrims didn't do more with the fertile land in which the colony was situated—puzzling, that is, until we realize that they brought with them no horses, cows, plows, or carts. They were equipped with only one kind of hook and net, too large for small fish. While they had both powder and guns, they knew little about their use and were slow to learn.

#### Help from Fishermen

Frequently, however, a helping hand was stretched out to aid them. While the Pilgrims were desperately in need of food in 1622, Edward Winslow journeyed to Maine, hoping to find supplies. There, among fishermen who had been on the Maine cost for more than century—men from Devonshire, Holland, the Basque country, and Brittany—he received "entertainment and good respect with a willingness to supply all wants."

A friendly Indian named Samoset paid the colony a visit after that first terrible winter and startled the remnants of the band by saying, "Much welcome, Englishmen." (He had learned English from fishermen off Monhegan Island.)

Soon after came Chief Massasoit, whose band might easily have annihilated the enfeebled settlers, and he also offered hospitality. And Squanto, who had learned English when he was carried off to England as a prize by early voyagers taught the Pilgrims how to plant Indiana corn.

#### Craftsmen in Colony

The problems faced by the Pilgrims were alien to the Puritans couldn't stop. They 10 years later. They weren't poor. Instead of the 'mixed lot' that arrived in the Mayflower, the colony of Massachusetts Bay contained many skilled craftsmen.

At first they built homes that were little more than bark covered wigwams, dug outs with sod roofs and thatched roof cottages. By 1640 they began buildings patterned after the familiar—the medieval wooden manor houses with steep roofs and leaded casement windows. This style began to change into something better suited to severe winters, Indian raids, and different kinds of building materials. The basic pattern, however, remained, seen today in Salem's House of the Seven Gables.

Instead of the trickle of colonists that came to Plymouth, Massachusetts Bay was deluged. There were 16,000 settlers by 1640—and still the stream of immigration flowed on, bringing shipbuilders, merchants, indentured servants, artisans, shopkeeper. The colony couldn't contain them.

#### A Hunger for Land

Where the Pilgrims had no desire to push out beyond their original community, the Pilgrims couldn't stop. They moved in groups, settling whole communities, possessed...

Photo: Salem's House of Seven Gables, built in 1668, probably was the inspiration for Nathaniel Hawthorne's famed story. (David E. Schermen photo)]

(page 52—photocopy of second half of article "The Best from American Heritage: Why Pilgrim Fathers Failed Where Puritans Succeeded," from Chicago Sunday Tribune, 22 Nov 1959)



In this pointing by Jennis Brownscome, Elder Browster is shown giving a Thunkagiving blessing at the feast cele-brating the Pilgrims' fast American barvest. Called "First Thankagiving," it hangs in Pilgrim's hall at Plymouth, Mass.

of an inastiable land hunger in fact, one Puritan divine press Giles Corey to a slow after the war, special privilence was to be had for the gaing. It is a sermen. The Sadath between heavy weights leges of all hunds came under was to be had for the gaing. It was policy to pleed for an for supposed transgressions; attack, and people turned indefinite and boundless to the was the conscience that several naturally to religious which expand their territory, but the whole contract under which they sailed from England had hampered the Pillerins. Their experiment in country in the measurest and land had hampered the Pillerins. Their experiment in the manual training the property of the manual training to a January snowsterm, rather thin one dominated by tanished forever from the a few specially selected individuals.

This was the conscience that a naturally to religious which were based on men's equality, tanished forever from the age colory for challenging Purition of the vicitor's first contact with Flymouth Eock is likely to be a disappointing one figure that the hard arms and the finally broke the power of the imagined, with a crack runding limite incentive when the prof. I the oversholdowing mounted in the parent comits went to the parent com-

pany. It was not until 2623, when the policy of giving land to families was instituted, making them responsible for their own sustemance and allowing them to keep a profit, that a marked increase in labor was noted.

Poor, honest, and unworldly, the Pilgrims wanted only to live their own lives in their own way. When they signed the Mayflower Compact, they set up a completely demo gratic government, with no class or wealth distinctions, a government morally responsi-ble for promoting "ye gen-erall good of ye Colonie."

#### Paritan View Differs

Not so the Puritans. Their elders, bound up in their de-termination that man's spiritual and communal lives were inseparable, found it natural to insist on a ruling elile of these who could interpret the true path for the followers. There could be no tolerance.



Here on Salem's Gallows Hill, 19 persons convicted of witcheraft were hanged and thrown into a common grave.

imagined, with a crack run-ning thru it. The bars around it, the overshadowing monuand the possible doubt that this is actually where the Pilgrims came ashere take something away from its reality.

#### Rock Still Is Symbol

But from the rock at Plymouth there emanated ripples of great importance for the history of America. From his slay in Plymouth, Roger Williams understedly derived ideas on popular government, which he passed on to Thomas Hooker of Hartford. When the first Puritans were ravaged by disease, they sought med-ical assistance from Samuel Fuller of the Mayflower.

Reality there is the reality that they lended and stayed. The rock remains as a symbol that the colonization of New one had faith and endurance.

To 1959; Dy Americas Hertuse, Inc. 5

Next Sunday, Tragic and of Nation Mecker's Riogia.

[Photo: In this painting by Jennie Brownscome, Elder Brewster is show giving a Thanksgiving blessing at the feast celebrating the Pilgrim's first American harvest. Called "First Thanksgiving," it hangs in Pilgrim's hall at Plymouth, Mass. (The Pilgrim Society)

...of an insatiable land hunger which endured as long as land was to be had for the going.

Not only lack of desire to expand their territory, but the whole contract under which they sailed from England and hampered the Pilgrims. Their experiment in communism failed. Bound to work for their hackers, the Merchant Adventurers, for seven years, the Pilgrims had little incentive when the profits went to the parent company. It was not until 1623, when the policy of giving land to families was instituted, making them responsible for their own sustenance and allowing them to keep a profit that a marked increase in labor was noted.

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#### Puritan View Differs

Not so the Puritans. Their elders, bound up in their determination that man's spiritual and communal lives were inseparable, found it natural to insist on a ruling elite of those who could interpret the true path for the followers. There could be no tolerance. In fact, one Puritan divine stated in a sermon: "Tis Satan's policy to plead for an indefinite and boundless toleration." And as for democracy, John Winthrop pronounced it "the meanest and worst of all forms of government."

This was the conscience which, at the height of its intensity, allowed a few fanatics to feed the flames of witch-craft on Gallows hill and press Giles Corey to a slow death between heavy weights for supposed transgressions: it was the conscience that sent an ailing Roger Williams into a January snowstorm, banished forever from the Bay colony for challenging Puritan orthodoxy.

Photo: Here on Salem's Gallows Hill, 19 persons convicted of witchcraft were hanged and thrown into a common grave. (David E. Scherman photo.)

#### **Upset by Revolution**

The American Revolution finally broke the power of the Puritan dynasty. During and after the war, special privileges of all kinds came under attack, and people turned naturally to religions which were based on men's equality, rather than one dominated by a few specially selected individuals.

The visitor's first contact with Plymouth Rock is likely to be a disappointing one. He will find it smaller that he imagined, with a crack running thru it. The bars around it, the overshadowing monument, and the possible doubt that this is actually where the Pilgrims came ashore take something away from its reality.

#### Rock Still Is Symbol

But from the rock at Plymouth there emanated ripples of great importance for the history of America. From his stay in Plymouth, Roger Williams undoubtedly derived ideas on popular government, which he passed on to Thomas Hooker of Hartford. When the first Puritans were ravaged by disease, they sought medical assistance from Samuel Fuller of the Mayflower.

Reality there is—the reality that they landed and stayed. The rock remains as a symbol that the colonization of New England was possible, if only one had faith and end endurance.

(© 1959: By American Heritage, Inc.)

Next Sunday: Tragic end of Nathan Meeker's Utopia]

(page 53—photocopy of articles from newspapers, first Chicago Tribune<sup>33</sup>, second Rensselaer Republican)

Chicago Tribune July 9, 1969

# Indians May Have Said 'Skoal' When the Mayflower Arrived

BY MICHAEL KILIAN

Viking explorers should be credited with something more than the mere discovery of America, a visiting Scandinavian historian said yesterday.

The Vikings apparently also discovered Oklahoma and stayed to become Indians, said Dr. Ole Godfrey Landsverk, who has stopped here while en route to Nordic archeological diggings in Newfoundland.

Dr. Landsverk said in an interview that he has indisputable proof that Vikings were on this continent as early as 1009, not only in Newfoundland, but in Massachusetts, Ohio, Minnesota, and Oklahoma.

Cites Nordic Markers

The proof consist of 10 "runestones," historical markers left by the Norsemen to show where they had been.

Inscribed with markings including dates and other historical data, at least three of the runestones show the name of Henrikus, first

bishop of Greenland, who visited Vinland in 1099, Dr. Landsverk said.

The stones show that the Vikings not only beat Christopher Columbus to the continent but thoroly explored it, sailing around the Gulf of Mexico and up the Mississippi river, he said.

Vikings Went Native

They went Columbus one better, he said. The Italian brought western civilization to America, which led to traffic jams, smog, and income taxes. The Vikings, instead, went native, joining Indian tribes.

Dr. Landsverk said there are many blondhaired, blue-eyed persons in Canada today registered as full-blooded Iroquois Indians. The Algonquin Indian language contains many medieval Norse words, he said.

According to Dr. Landsverk, it is quite possible that the Indians who greeted the Mayflower did not say "How." They may very well have said, "Skoal."

#### [Indians may have said "Skoal" When the Mayflower Arrived

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#### **Vikings Went Native**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Image from Chicago Tribune from "Indians May Have Said 'Skoal" When the Mayflower Arrived," database with images, *Newspapers.com* (https://www.newspapers.com: accessed 16 September 2020), from *Chicago Tribune*, 9 July 1969, page 52.

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### Proclaims Leif Erickson Day

WASHNGTON (UPI) —Leif Erickson will have his day Oct. 9 through a proclamation signed by President Nixon.

Nixon scheduled the day in honor of the Norse explorer Tuesday but carefully avoided taking a stand in the dispute over whether Erickson or Christopher Columbus discovered America.

"The exploits of Leif Erickson are still in large part shrouded in the mists of history and only now are we beginning to appreciate fully the magnitude of (his) explorations," Nixon wrote.

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[Rensselaer Republican September 22, 1971

#### **Proclaims Leif Erickson Day**

Washington (UPI)-Leif Erickson will have his day Oct. 9 through a proclamation signed by President Nixon.

Nixon scheduled the day in honor of the Norse explorer Tuesday but carefully avoided taking a stand in the dispute over whether Erickson or Christopher Columbus discovered America. The exploits of Leif Erickson are still in large part shrouded in the mists of history and only now are we beginning to appreciate fully the magnitude of his explorations," Nixon wrote.]

<sup>34</sup> From Rensselaer Republican, 22 September 1971, accessed 26 September 2020.

(page 54—handwritten, personal documents)

Robert Bartlett was born between 1603 – 1606 in England. He descended from Adams Barthholet of Brian 1066.

Mr Bartlett came from England in 1623 on the steamship "Ann." He had been a fellow passenger of Mrs Richard (Elizabeth) Warren and her five daughters. They landed in Plymouth, Massachusetts.

Mr Bartlett was one of the first purchasers of land at Dartmouth, Massachusetts. He served in Captain Miles Standish Company in 1632. He became a free man in 1633.

Mr Robert Bartlett married after May 22, 1627 to Mary Warren, a daughter of Richard and Elizabeth Warren. Mary was born about 1610 in England. Eight children were born to them in Plymouth, Massachusetts.

Mr Bartlett died between September 19 and October 29, 1676 in Plymouth. His will was proved October 29, 1676. The inventory of his estate totaled 390 pounds.

After Mr Bartletts [sic] death Mary married Thomas Delano. She died March 27, 1683 in Plymouth.

(page 55—photocopy with handwritten note at bottom of page)

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#### Will of Robert Bartlett

 $<sup>^{35}</sup>$  Image from "Massachusetts, Plymouth County, Probate Records, 1633-1967," images, FamilySearch (https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/3:1:3QSQG97D-V3PP : accessed 16 Sept 2020), Wills 1633-1686 vol 1-4 > image 439 of 616; State Archives, Boston. Original inverted and mostly illegible.

(page 56—very dark photocopy)

[perhaps back of Robert's will; can make out typed print: "Old Colony Records -------Will of Robert -----"]

(page 57—handwritten will of Jonathan Morey, no source given)

#### Will of Jonathan Morey

I Jonathan Morey of Plymouth in ye County of Plymouth in ye Province of ye Massachasets [sic] Bay in New England (Being) Being at this time throru [sic] ye Mercy of God, competent healthy and of Disposing Minds and Memory, and yet not [R/k]nown how soon or when it shall Pleas [sic] God to take me out of this unsertain [sic] Life, am willing to set my house in order and to Dispose of these things which God hath bestowed upon me in manner and form following - - - - -

In the first place I comit [sic] my soul to God that gave it and my body to the Grave by a Desent [sic] burial Item. My will is that my oldest son to enjoy all that part of my estate which by a deed under my name he hath already ye Promis [sic] of -----Item I give to my wife Hannah Morey all her wearing cloths [sic] both linins [sic] & woolens also I give to my wife two oxen and three cows and two beds that she brought with her & beding with shem [sic] and also I give my sd [sic] wife all the household stuf [sic] she brought with her. Moreover I give my wife one horse she to have her choice and the best budl[e] pannel [sic] and pillions & all the furniture belonging to them First item it is my will that my wife may live in the improvement of my housing and Lands one whole year, after my deceased without disturbens [sic] or molestation Item my will is that the remainder of my Estate Both Real and personal[-] my just Debts and funeral charges being first paid by my executrix here after mentioned to be Equally divided into three parts for my wife and my two children Each one third part, That is to say my wife one third part – my son John Mory [sic] one third part to my daughter Hannah Bumpas one third of the Remainder of my Estate desenting [sic] only & it is my minde [sic] and will that son Jonathan will pay in some convenient time after my decease [sic] ye sum of twenty and five pounds in money. Then, he shall fully enjoy of ye remainder of my land and

(page 58—handwritten)

meadows which five and twenty pounds shall be equally divided into three parts (viz) my wife my son John my Daughter Hannah as before mentioned - - - - - Finally I do ordain appoint and constitute my Dear wife Hannah to be my sole Executrix of this my will and testament hereunto I do set my hand and seal this 24 day of February 1699/700

In Presents [sic] of us witnesses
Joseph Bartlett Jonathan Morey (seal)
Joseph Holms
Wm Bassett

June 16<sup>th</sup> 1708 Will M Bassett and Joseph Holms with in named appeared before Nathaniel Thomas Esq Judge of Probates & Granting Leters [sic] of - - - - Administration with in the County of Plymouth & made oath that they did set to their hands to the with in riton [sic] Instrument as witnesses and they doe [sic] verily believe and suppose that they did se [sic] Jonathan Morey Late of Plymouth now Deceased sign and seal the same and that they herd [sic] him Declare it to be his Last Will and Testament – as attest

Nathaniel Thomas Registor [sic]

(page 59—handwritten)

Warren Family compiled

**Ethel Conger Heagler** 

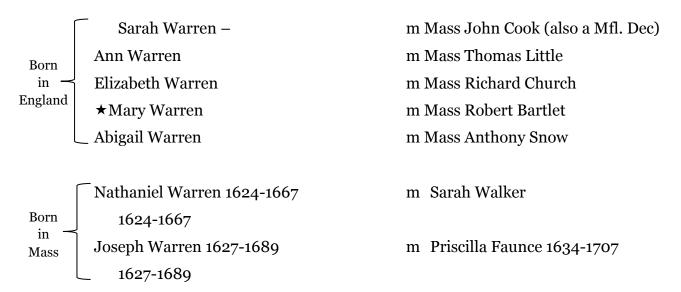
(page 60—handwritten)

#### Warren

Christopher A. Warren of Scrooby England, 15<sup>th</sup> generation from Isabel, Countess of De Vermandois who married William the 2nd, Earl of Warren, and through this marriage every known European line from the earliest history is united. Isabel was the daughter of Hugh the Great who married Adela, 11<sup>th</sup> generation from Charlemagne. Christopher's son, Richard, came to America on the Mayflower. Data in the Newberry Library, Chicago, by Mrs W. A. Roebling of Mass. gives this line back to the Roman Norman Lines 12 generations, the Saxon line to William the Conqueror, Fladers [*sic*] Line and Charlemagne Italian – A very complicated chart.

Richard Warren was not of the Leydon Holland Company but joined the company when they started for America. He was a man of influence and had been a merchant in London and had considerable wealth. He was in the "First Encounter." He married a widow but she did not come to America until 1623 in the "Ann" with their five daughters. Two sons were born to them after their arrival.

#### Their Family



Mary Warren married Robert Bartlett in 1628.

(page 61—handwritten)

He had been a fellow passenger on the steamship "Ann" on their trip to America in 1623—They became the ancestors of the well known Bartlett family of the Plymouth Colony. Descendants still live in the vicinity.

#### Their children

Benjamin Bartlett —	1.m Sarah Brewster —	2.m Cicely –
Joseph Bartlett		
Rebecca Bartlett	m Wm. Harlow	
<b>★</b> Mary Bartlett	1.m Richard Foster	2.m Lieutenant
Sarah Bartlett	m Samuel Rider	Jonathan Morey
Elizabeth Bartlett	m Anthony Sprague	
Lydia Bartlett	1.m James Barneby	2.m John Nelson
(dau) Bartlett	m John Ivey of Boston	

Mary Bartlett had one son by her first husband, Richard Foster: Jonathan and Mary Bartlett (Foster) Morey had a daughter, Hannah Morey who married before 1695 to John Bumpas who died in 1762.

John and Hannah (Morey) Bumpas had six children – One of them was Sarah Bumpas, born June 12, 1701— Sarah married George White in 1728 – George White died 1788 in Sharon Conn

#### children of George and Sarah Bumpas White

John White − m Prudence Carrier

Mary White 1.m Palatiah Chapman 2.m Ashbel Goo[buch]

Archilaus White 1.m Hannah Hunter 2.m Sarah Brace

★George White m Patience \_\_\_\_

Eleanor White m-Josiah Strong

#### (page 62—handwritten)

References –
Generations 1,2,3,4
Mayflower Descendants
vol 14, pages 15, 16
vol 16, pages 63, 64, 237
vol 17, page 182

#### Generation 4 Rochester Vital Records vol 2, p 62, 75

Generation 4
Plymouth Co Probate
vol 2, p 133, 16, 338
vol 4 p 219

#### Generation 5

Rochester Vital Records
vol 1 p 64, 302, 303, 304
Rochester Vital Records
vol 2 p 63, 317
Plymouth Co Deeds
53, p 166-66
Sharon Conn Probate Book
Bk 7, p 75

#### Lineage of Richard Warren—Mrs. Ethel Heagler

```
1 Wm the Conqueror
   m-Matilda of Flanders
2. Wm de Warren
   1st Earl Warren
      m-Gundreda, dau of Wm the Conqueror & Matilda
3. Wm Warren II
   2nd Earl Warren
   m-Isabel Countess
      D-Vermandois
4 Reginald de Warren
   m Adelia Mowbray
5 Wm Warren
6 Sir John Warren
7 Sir John Warren
8 Sir Edward
9 Edward
10 Sir Lawrence
11 John
12 Sir Lawrence
13 Wm
14 John of Nottingham
15 John of Devon
16 Christopher of Devon
17 William of Devon
18 Christopher of Scrooby
19 Richard of Mayflower
20 Mary Warren
   1m Robert Bartlett
      Benjamin
         1m 1638
            Love Brewster
         2m Cicely _____
      Joseph
         m-Hannah Fallowell
      Rebecca
         m-Wm Harlow
```

#### (page 64—handwritten)

## 21 Mary Bartlett 1.m Sept 10, 1651 Plymouth, Mass **Richard Foster** 1 Foster child 2.m July 8, 1659 Jonathon Morey Sarah Bartlett m Samuel Rider Elizabeth Bartlett m Anthony Sprague Lydia Bartlett m James Barnaby Mercy Bartlett B 1650 1.m John Nelson 2m John Ivey 22 Hannah Morey m John Bumpas 23 Sarah Bumpas m Geo White Sr 24 George White m Patience 25 Nathaniel White

#### (page 65—handwritten)

m Hannah Finch

Mayflower Descendents [sic] and Ancestors of George and Sarah (Bumpas) White of Rochester, Mass and Sharon, Conn

```
I Richard Warren

12th signer of Mayflower Compact
D 1628 Plymouth, Mass
m before 1610 England
Elizabeth (Jouatt) Marsh, widow
B circa 1583
D Oct 2, 1673 Plymouth, Mass
aged 90 years
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#### 2-1 Mary Warren B circa 1610 England D Mar 27, 1683 Plymouth, Mass 1628 Mass 1m Robert Bartlett В 1603 or 1606 England D 1676 Plymouth, Mass will made Sept 19, 1676 will proved Oct 29, 1676 children 3-1 Mary Bartlett Plymouth, Mass D Sept 26, 1692 Plymouth, Mass 1.m Sept 10, 1651 Plymouth, Mass **Richard Foster** D between 1655 & 1659 one son 2.m July 1, 1659 Plymouth, Mass Lieutenant Jonathan Morey B circa 1633 D May 19, 1709 Plymouth, Mass children 4-1 Hannah Morey B circa 1673 Plymouth, Mass D Rochester, Mass By 1729 – (2<sup>nd</sup> marriage of husband) m circa 1693/4 John Bumpas (page 66—handwritten) John Bumpas, continued, Bapt Sept 28, 1673 Scituate, Mass D June 22, 1762 Wareham, Mass Date of will Sept 11, 1749 Proved Aug 2, 1762 children 5-1 Sarah Bumpas B May 12, 1701 Rochester, Mass D Before June 20, 1787 (will of husband

Children

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George White Sr
                                    B circa 1699 Rochester, Mass
                                    D
                                          1788 Sharon, Conn
                                       (after Feb 20, 1788 Sharon, Conn
                                          will
                             children
                                6-1 George White
                                    Bapt Oct 19, 1737 Rochester, Mass
                                    D between Aug 22 & Oct 18, 1804
                                       Worcester, Otsego Co. NY – (will)
                                    m Mar
                                                 1758 Sharon, Conn
                                       Patience (Hamlin)
                                          D after Oct 18, 1804 (will)
                                    children
                                       7- 1 Nathaniel White
                                          B July 25, 1759 Dutchess Co, NY
                                          D Jan 24, 1836 Lafayette, Ind.
                                          1.m Feb 9, 1785
                                             Hannah Finch
                                                 B Jan 26, 1766
                                                    Dutchess Co, NY
                                                 D May 10, 1832
                                                    Tippecanoe Co, Ind.
                                          Children
                                             8-1 Lucy White
                                                 B July 26, 1806
                                                    Otsego Co NY
(page 67—handwritten)
                                                 D Mar 27, 1871
                                                    Jasper Co, Ind
                                                 m Mar 1, 1826
                                                    Clark Co.
                                                    Bernard Daugherty
                                                       В
                                                              1806
                                                           Philadelphia, Pa.
                                                       D-Sept 21, 1869
                                                           Jasper Co, Ind.
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m Oct 17, 1728 Rochester, Mass

#### (page 68—handwritten)

#### **Unknown Bartletts**

(page 69—handwritten)

#### **Robert Bartlett**

Deceased before May 3, 1718 Plymouth

m Sarah

Sarah Bartlett & Thomas Bartlett bonded May 3, 1718

to Nathaniel Thomas, Esq. Judge

#### Children

1. Joseph Bartlett

minor under 21 in 1719

Guardian – Thomas Clark

2 James Bartlett

minor under 21 – 1719

Guardian – Sarah Bartlett (her son)

3 Robert Bartlett

minor under 14 – April 22, 1720

Guardian - Sarah Bartlett (her son)

4 Lemuel Bartlett

minor under 14 – April 22, 1720

Guardian – Sarah Bartlett

5 Ebenezer Bartlett

minor under 14 June 4, 1720

**Guardian Ebenezer Holmes** 

6 Elizabeth Bartlett

minor under 14 - April 22, 1720

Guardian – Thomas Clark

(page 70—handwritten)

1364 Bond of Administration of Sarah & Thomas Bartlell [sic] 1715

Know all Men by these Presents that Was Sarah Bartlett Thomas Bartlett & Francis Adams all of Plymouth in the county of Plymouth - - - - -

Within her Majesties Province of the Massachusetts Bay in New England are holden and land firmly bound and obligated unto Nathaniel Thomas Esq<sup>r</sup> Judge of the Probate of Wills and Granting Administrations within the County of Plymouth in the fall sum of two hundred Pounds current money in New England: To be paid unto the said Nathaniel Thomas – his succesors [sic] in the said office or assigns: To the true payment whereof we do binds ourselves and each of us, our and each of our Heirs, Executors and Administration jointly and severally for the while and in the whole firmly by these Presents Sealed with our Seal Dated the third day of May – Anno Domini: One Thousand seven hundred & Eighteen annoque Regni Regis Georg ii [sic] The Condition of the Present obligation is such that of the above bounden Sarah Bartlett & Thomas Bartlett unto whom is comitted [sic] power at all& Singular the Estate of Robert Bartlett Late of Plymouth, asfores & Decd - - - - - do make cause to be maid [sic] a true and perfect Inventory of all and singular the

Goods Chattels Right and Credits of the said Deceased, which here or shall come to the hands possession or knowledge of them the said

#### (page 71—handwritten)

Administrators – or into the hands and possession of any other person or persons for them: and the same so made do. exhibit or cause to be exhibited into the Registry of the Court of Probate at or before the first day of June – next ensuing and the same Goods, Chattels; Rights and Credits and all at the Time of his Death which at any time after shall come to the hands and possesion [sic] of the said Administrator – or into the hands and possesion [sic] of any other person or persons for them to well and truly Administer according to Law, and further do make or cause to be made a just and true acompt [sic] of their said Administration upon Oath at or fore the 20<sup>th</sup> Day of June which will be in the year of our Lord, one thousand Seven hundred & eighteen – And all the rest and residue of the said Goods, Chattals; Rights & Credits which shall be found remaining upon the said Administrators accompt [sic] & the same being first examined & albued [sic] of by the Judge or Judges for the time being at Probate of Wills and granting Administrators within the County of Plymouth aforesaid shall deliver and pay unto such person or persons respectively as the Judge or Judges his or their Decree or Sentence pursuant to Law shall limit & appoint And if it shall hereafter appear. That any

last will and testament was made by the same Deceased: And the Executor or Executors therin [sic] named do exhibit into the Court of Probate for the said county of Plymouth making request to have it allowed and approved accordingly. If the said —— Administrators within bounden being there unto required, do under and deliver the said Letters of Administrations & approbation of such Testament being and first had and made unto the said

(page 72—handwritten)

Court: Then the before written obligation to be void and of [sic] none effect or else to abide and remain in full force and Vertue [sic]

Sealed and Delivered
In presence of
Elizbeth Torrey
Thomas Croad

her Sarah X Bartlett mark Thomas Bartlett

Sfoemus Adams

(page 73—handwritten)

1364 Bond of Gardianship [sic] of Sarah Bartlett for James Bartlett 1719

Know all men by these Presents that [call] Sarah Bartlett and Abel Shurtleff [sic] both of Plymouth in the county of Plymouth in New England are - - - - holden and stand firmly sound and obligated into - - -

Isaac Windslow Esq<sup>r</sup> of Judge of the Probation of Wills in the County of Plymouth in the full sum of two hundred & fifty—pounds current money of New England to be paid unto the said Isaac Winslow his Succesers [*sic*] of the same office or assignes [*sic*] to which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves and each of us our and each of our heirs Executors and Administration jountly [*sic*] & severally for the whole and in the whole and in whole Firmly by these present sealed with our Seal Dated the 22nd day of April Anno Domini 1720

The Condition of this present obligation is such that the bounden Sarah Bartlett who is chosen to be gardian [sic] unto her son James Bartlett - - - - - who is a minor under the age of twenty one years shall & truly perform the office of Gardian [sic] unto the said James Bartlett – During his minority and that in and by all things according to Law and shall render a plain and true accompt [sic] of her Gardianship [sic] upon oath and of all and Singular such Estate as Shall come to her hands & possession by virtue thereof & of the Profits and Improvements of the same as far as the Law will charge her therewith when he shall be hereunto lawfully required and shall

(page 74—handwritten)

pay and deliver such and so much of the Estate as shall be found remaining with her accompt [sic] & the same being first examined & allowed of by the Judge of Probate for the time being of the same County unto the said James Bartlett - - - - - When he shall arrive at full age or otherwise as the said Judge by this Decree or sentence pursuant to Law Shall Limit and appoint Then this obligation to be void and of not effect

otherwise to abide and remain in full force and vertue. [sic]

Signed Sealed + delivered In the Presents [sic] of us Thomas Croad David Turner her Sarah X Bartlett mark Abel Shurtlef (page 75—handwritten)

1365
Bond of gardianship [sic] of
Thomas Clark Jun [sic] for Joseph
Bartlett 1719

Know all men by those present that Thomas Clark Jun & Able Shurleff in the County of Plymouth in the New England are - - -

holdon [sic] & stand firmly bound & obligated unto Isaac Winslow Esq<sup>r</sup> of Judge of the Probate of wills & in the county of Plymouth in the full sum of two hundred & fifty pounds current money in New England – to be paid and to the said Isaac Winslow his successor in the full sum of two hundred & fifty pounds current money in New England to be paid to the said Isaac Winlow [sic] his successor in the said office or assigns to which payment will and truly be made we bind ourselves & each of us our & each of our heirs Executors & Administrators Joyntly [sic] & severally in the whole and for the whole firmly by these present Dated the 22 Day of April Anno Dom. 1720 The condition of this obligation is such if the above bounden Thomas Clark who is chosen by Joseph Bartlett son of Robert Bartlett dec:d a minor under the age of twenty one years to be his gardian [sic] During his minority shall well and truly Perform the office of guardian [sic] unto the said Joseph Bartlett – – that in & by all things according to Law & shall render a Plan & true accompt [sic] of this said gardianship [sic] upon oath & of all upon oath and of all singular such Estate as shall come to his hands and passision [sic] by vertue [sic] theref [sic] of the Profits & Improvements & the same as the law will charge him therewith when he shall be there unto Lawfully Required & shall pay & deliver such & so much of thesaid [sic] Estate as shall be found Remaining upon his account therefore bring first examined & allowed of by the Judge of Probate for the time being of the said County unto the said Joseph Bartlett when he shall arrive at full ag e [sic] or otherwise

(page 76—handwritten)

the said County with the said Ebenezer Bartlett when he shall arrive at full age or otherwise as the said Judge of this decree or Sentence Pursant [sic] to Laws shall limit and appoint Then this obligation to be void[-]and [sic] of now Effect or else abide and remain in full force and Vertue [sic]

Signed Sealed & delivered In Presence of us

Ebenezer Holmes Abiel Shurtlef

**Thomas Croade** 

(page 77—handwritten)

1365

Bond of Gardianship [sic]

of Sarah Bartlett for Robert Bartlett

Know all men by the Presents [sic] that wee [sic] Sarah Bartlett & Abel Shurtleff Both of Plymouth in the County of Plymouth In the Province of the Massechuetts [sic] Bay in New England are

-----

holden and stand firmly bound and obliged unto Isaac Winslow Esq $^{\rm r}$  Judge of the Probate of wills & in the County of Plymouth In the full sum of Three Hundred Pounds current money of New England to be paid unto the said Isaac Winslow & his successors [sic] in the said office or assigns To which payment well and truly to be maid [sic] we bind ourselves and each of us our and each of our heirs Executors and Administra [sic] assigns To which payment well truly to be made we bind ourselves and each of us our and each of our heirs Executors and Administrators joyntly [sic] and severally for the whole and in the whole firmly by these present [sic] Sealed with our Seal dated 22 day of April Anno Domini 1720

The Condition of this Present obligations is that if the above bounden Sarah Bartlett - - - - - - - - who is appointed to be the Gardian [sic] unto her son Robert Bartlett - - - - who is a minor under the age of fourteen years shall well and truly perform the office of gardian [sic] unto said Robert Bartlett – during his minority and that as & by all Things according to law and shall render a plain and true accompt [sic] of her said Gardianship [sic] upon oath and of all and Singular such Estate as shall com [sic] to her hands and postsession [sic] by vertue [sic] their of and the Proffits [sic]

(page 78—handwritten)

and Improvements of the same as far as the Law will charge her therewith when she shall be thereunto lawfully required and Shall pay and deliver such so much of the Said Estate as Shall be found remaining upon her accompt [sic] the sum being first examined and allowed by the Judge of Probate for the time being of the said County unto the said Robert Bartlett when he shall arrive at full age or otherwise as the said Judge by his Decree or sentence pursuant to Law Shall Limit and Appoint Then this obligation to be void and of now effect otherwise to abide & remain in full force and vertue [sic]

Signed Sealed & Delivered	
In the presence of us	Sarah Bartlett
Thomas Croade	her X mark
Elizabeth Turner	Abiel Shurtlef

(page 79—handwritten)

1365<sup>36</sup>
Bond of Gardianship [*sic*] of
Sarah Bartlett for Lemuel Bartlett
1719

Know all men by thease [sic] presents [sic] that Wee [sic] Sarah Bartlett Abiel Shurtleff both of Plymouth in the County of Plymouth in New England - - - holden and stand firmly bound obliged unto Isaac Winslow Esq<sup>r</sup> Judge of the Probate of Wills & in the County of Plymouth in the full sum of the two hundred & fifty pounds current money in New England to be payed [sic] to the said Isaac Winslow his successors In the same office or assigns to which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves & each of us our & each of our heirs executors and Administrations Joyntly [sic] and severally for the whole & firmly by these present Sealed with our Seals Dated the 22<sup>d</sup> of April Anno Domini 1720. The Condition of this Present obligation is such that of the above boudden Sarah Bartlett who is appointed, to be gardien [sic] unto Lemuel Bartlett herefor [sic] – who is a minor under the age of fourteen years shall well and truly perform the office of gardianship [sic] the said Lemuel Bartlett who is a minor under the age of fourteen years shall well and truly perform the office of gardianship [sic] unto the said Lemuel Bartlett during his minorty [sic] and by all things according to Law and shall under a Plane [sic] and true account of her said Gardianship [sic] upon oath and of all and singular such Estate and shall com [sic] to her hand and possession [sic] by virtue thereof and of the Profitts [sic] and Improvements of the same so far as the Law will charge you that with when she shall be thereunto Law of wills required and shall pay and deliver such and so much of the said Estate as shall be found

(page 80—handwritten)

Remaining upon account the same being first examined and allowed of and by the Judge of Probate for the time being of the said County unto the said Lemuel Bartlett – when he shall arrive of full age or otherwise so the said Judge by his decree or sentence pursuant to Law shall Effect otherwise to abide and remain in full force and vertue [*sic*]

Signed Sealed & Delivered In Presence of us Thomas Corade David Turner

her Sarah X Bartlett mark Abiel Shurtlef

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Originally written as "1364," with "5" written over "4."

(page 81—handwritten)

1365 Bond of Gardianship [sic] of Ebenezer Holmes for Ebenezer Bartlett 1720

Know all men by these present that wee [sic] Ebenezer Holmes & Abiel Shurtlef both of Plymouth in the County of Plymouth In New England are - - - - holden and stand firmly bound and obligated unto Isaac Winslow Esq<sup>r</sup> Judge of the Probate of wills & in the County of Plymouth in the full sum of Two hundred & fifty pounds current money in New England to be paid to the said Isaac Winslow his sucessors [sic] in the same office or assigns To which well and truly be made We bind ourselves & each of us our & each of the heirs Executors and Administration jountly [sic] and Severally for the whole and in the whole firmly by these present sealed with our hands dated the twenty four day of June Anno Domini 1720 The Condition of this Present obligation is such that of the above bounden Ebenezer Holmes who is appointed - to be gardian [sic] unto Ebenezer Bartlett - who is a minor under the age of Fourteen - years shall well and truly perform the office of Gardian [sic] with the said Ebenezer Bartlett – during his minority and that in & by all things according to Law and shall render a plain and true amount of the said Gardenship [sic] upon Oath and if all and & singular of the Estate as shall come by his hands and posession [sic] of virtue thereof and of the Profitts [sic] and Improvement of the same as far as the Law will charge you thereunto when shall pay and deliver such and so much of the said Estate as shall be found remaining upon account of the same being of

(page 82—handwritten)

as the said Judge by his Decree or Sentence pursuant to Law shall limit & appoint then this obligation to be void & of non effect or else to abide + remain in full force + virtue

Signed Sealed & Delivered in presence of us

Nathaniel Donham Thomas Croade Thomas Clark Abiel Shurtlef (page 83—handwritten)

Gardianship [sic] of Thomas Clark Jun<sup>r</sup> for Elizabeth Bartlett 1719

Know all men by these Present that wee [sic] Thomas Clark Jun<sup>r</sup> & Abiel Shurtlef both of Plymouth in the County of Plymouth in New England are - - - holden and firmly bounded and obligated into Isaac Winslow Esq<sup>r</sup> & Judge of the Probate of Wills and in the County of Plymouth in the full sum of the Two hundred and fifty pounds Current money in New England to be paid to the said Isaac Winslow – his Sucessors [sic] in the same or said office or assigns To Which Payments & truly to be made & we bind ourselves & Each of us our and each of our being Executor & Admnistration [sic] jountly [sic] and severally for the whole and in the whole firmly by these Presents Sealed with our seal dated the 22nd Day of April Anno Dom 1720 The Condition of this Present obligation is such that of the above bounden Thomas Clark who is appointed to be gardian [sic] with Elizabeth Bartlett who is a minor under the age of fourteen years shall well and hereby the office of gardian [sic] unto the said Elizabeth Bartlett During her minority of that in & by all things according to Law and shall render a plain & true accompt [sic] of said gardianship [sic] upon oath & of all singular & such Estate as shall come to his hands & possesion [sic] by Vertue [sic] thereof & of the Proffits [sic] + Improvements of the same so far as the Law will charge him thereunto whom he shall pay and Deliver such & so much of the said Estate as shall he found Remaining upon his accompt [sic] & the same being first examined & allowed of by the Judge of Probate

(page 84—handwritten)

for the time being of said County unto the said Elizabeth Bartlett when she shall arrive at full age or otherwise of the said Judge by his Decree or sentence Pursuant to Law shall Limit & appoint then his obligation to be void & of non effect & otherwise to abide & Remain in full force & vertue [sic]

Signed sealed & delivered in the Presence of us

Nathaniel Denham Thomas Croade Thomas Clark Abiel Shurtlef (page 85—emblem of Indiana Society of Mayflower Descendants, reading "Plymouth Indiana, 1620-1916; believed to be part of invitation on page 86)



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(page 86—photocopy of invitation, transcribed below, reproduced here as best as able)

#### THE INDIANA SOCIETY

OF

#### MAYFLOWER DESCENDANTS

will hold its Annual Banquet
Saturday, November 20, 1971 at
The Indianapolis Propylaeum
1410 N. Delaware St., Indianapolis

#### GOVERNOR GENERAL LEE D. VAN ANTWERP, M.D.

Subject:

"ADVENTURES IN GENEOLOGY"38

Please respond to Mrs. A. E. Kuerst 5515 N. Capitol Ave. Indinapolis, Ind. 46208 Before November 13 Compact Sunday
November 21, 10:00 A.M.
First Congregational Church
7171 N. Pennsylvania St., Indianapolis
followed by dinner at
Rivera Club-5640 N. Illinois St.
\$2.75

Social Hour: Six O'clock—Dinner: Seven O'clock—\$4.50

Dress Optional

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Image from "Indiana Society of Mayflower Descendants," accessed 16 Sept 2020, http://www.indianamayflower.com/uploads/images/Mayflower-Soc\_IN-White130.jpg. No larger size available. <sup>38</sup> Misspelled in original.